**SEPA** 

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Rec'd June 6,89

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Comprehensive Assessment Information Rule

REPORTING FORM

CONTAINS NO CEL

When completed, send this form to:	For Agency Use Only:
Document Processing Center Office of Toxic Substances, TS-790	Date of Receipt: June 6, 1989
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	Document
401 M Street, SW Washington, DC 20460	Control Number:
Attention: CAIR Reporting Office	Docket Number:

		SECTION 1 GENERAL MANUFACTURER, IMPORTER, AND PROCESSOR INFORMATION
PART	A (	GENERAL REPORTING INFORMATION
1.01	Thi	is Comprehensive Assessment Information Rule (CAIR) Reporting Form has been
<u>CBI</u>	con	impleted in response to the <u>Federal Register Notice of <math>[1]2[2]2[8]8</math></u>
[_]	a.	If a Chemical Abstracts Service Number (CAS No.) is provided in the Federal
		Register, list the CAS No $[0]2]6]4]7]1]-[6]2]-[5]$
	b.	If a chemical substance CAS No. is not provided in the <u>Federal Register</u> , list either (i) the chemical name, (ii) the mixture name, or (iii) the trade name of the chemical substance as provided in the <u>Federal Register</u> .
		(i) Chemical name as listed in the rule Benzene, 1,3-Diisocyanatomethyl
		(ii) Name of mixture as listed in the rule NA
		(iii) Trade name as listed in the rule NA
	c.	If a chemical category is provided in the <u>Federal Register</u> , report the name of the category as listed in the rule, the chemical substance CAS No. you are reporting on which falls under the listed category, and the chemical name of the substance you are reporting on which falls under the listed category.
		Name of category as listed in the rule NA
		CAS No. of chemical substance [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]-[_]]-[_]
		Name of chemical substance NA
1.02	Ide	entify your reporting status under CAIR by circling the appropriate response(s).
<u>CBI</u>	Mar	nufacturer 1
[_]	Imp	oorter 2
	Pro	ocessor <u>3</u>
	X/I	manufacturer reporting for customer who is a processor 4
	X/I	P processor reporting for customer who is a processor5
[_]	Mark	(X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

1.03		es the substance you are reporting on have an "x/p" designation associated with it the above-listed Federal Register Notice?
<u>CBI</u>	Yes	$[\overline{X}]$ Go to question 1.04
lJ	No	
1.04	a.	Do you manufacture, import, or process the listed substance and distribute it under a trade name(s) different than that listed in the <u>Federal Register</u> Notice? Circle the appropriate response.
<u>CBI</u>		Yes 1
·		No
	b.	Check the appropriate box below:
		[_] You have chosen to notify your customers of their reporting obligations
		Provide the trade name(s)
		[] You have chosen to report for your customers
		You have submitted the trade name(s) to EPA one day after the effective date of the rule in the <u>Federal Register</u> Notice under which you are reporting.
1.05		you buy a trade name product and are reporting because you were notified of your orting requirements by your trade name supplier, provide that trade name.
CBI	Tra	de name
[_]	Is	the trade name product a mixture? Circle the appropriate response.
	Yes	
	No	2
1.06 CBI		tification The person who is responsible for the completion of this form must n the certification statement below:
	"I ent	hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, all information ered on this form is complete and accurate."
1	) <del> C</del>	OLFE NAME SIGNATURE DATE SIGNED
	VIC	E PRESIDENT, INTERNATIONAL ( 612 ) 332-7371 TITLE TELEPHONE NO.
[_]	Mark	(X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.
<del></del>		

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1.07 <u>CBI</u> [_]	Exemptions From Reporting If you have provided EPA or another Federal agency with the required information on a CAIR Reporting Form for the listed substance within the past 3 years, and this information is current, accurate, and complete for the time period specified in the rule, then sign the certification below. You are required to complete section 1 of this CAIR form and provide any information now required but not previously submitted. Provide a copy of any previous submissions along with your Section 1 submission.				
	information which I have not in	best of my knowledge and belief, acluded in this CAIR Reporting Fo and is current, accurate, and co	rm has been submitted		
	NA				
	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE SIGNED		
	TITLE	TELEPHONE NO.	DATE OF PREVIOUS SUBMISSION		
1.08 <u>CBI</u> []	certify that the following state those confidentiality claims who "My company has taken measures and it will continue to take the been, reasonably ascertainable using legitimate means (other to a judicial or quasi-judicial prinformation is not publicly available.	we asserted any CBI claims in this tements truthfully and accurately nich you have asserted.  to protect the confidentiality of the easures; the information is by other persons (other than gow than discovery based on a showing coceeding) without my company's contained and disclosured my company's comp company's comp company's competitive positions.	of the information, so not, and has not vernment bodies) by gof special need in consent; the		
	NA		•		
	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE SIGNED		
	TITLE	TELEPHONE NO.			

PART	B CORPORATE DATA
1.09	Facility Identification
CBI	Name [
( <u> </u>	[R] 0] C] R] F] 0   R   D   T   T   T   T   T   T   T   T   T
	Dun & Bradstreet Number
	Employer ID Number
	Other SIC Code
1.10	Company Headquarters Identification
<u>CBI</u>	Name ( ] H E ] V A L S P A R C O R P O R A T I D O N I
	$[\underline{M}]\underline{I}]\underline{N}]\underline{N}]\underline{E}]\underline{A}]\underline{P}]\underline{O}]\underline{L}]\underline{I}]\underline{S}]\underline{-}]\underline{-}]\underline{-}]\underline{-}]\underline{-}]\underline{-}]\underline{-}]-$
	Dun & Bradstreet Number
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

...

1.11	Parent Company Identification
<u>CBI</u>	Name [T]H]E] ]V]A L]S]P]A]R] ]C]O]R]P]O]R]A]T]]]O]N]]]
[_]	Address $[1]10]1]1111111111111111111111111111111$
	[M] I] N] N] E [A] P] O] L] I] S] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ]
	$[\underline{M}]\underline{N}]$ $[\underline{5}]\underline{5}]\underline{4}]\underline{1}]\underline{5}][\underline{]}]$
	Dun & Bradstreet Number
1.12	Technical Contact
CBI	Name [W]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
[_]	Title [D] T  R  E  C  T  O  R ,       R  E  G  U  L  A  T  O  R  Y      A  F  F  F
	Address []]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
	[M]]]N]N]E]A]P]O]L]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
	$[\underline{\underline{M}}]\underline{\underline{N}}]$ $[\underline{\underline{5}}]\underline{\underline{5}}\underline{\underline{4}}]\underline{\underline{1}}]\underline{\underline{5}}][\underline{\underline{}}]\underline{\underline{}}]$
	Telephone Number
1.13	This reporting year is from $[\overline{1}]\overline{1}$ $[\overline{8}]\overline{7}$ to $[\overline{1}]\overline{1}$ $[\overline{8}]\overline{8}$ Mo. Year
<del></del>	

 $\cdot$   $\cdot$   $\cdot$   $\cdot$ 

1.14	Facility Acquire provide the foll	d If you purchased this facility during the reporting year, owing information about the seller:
CBI	Name of Seller [	
[_]	Mailing Address	[_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	NA	[_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	,	[_]_] [_]_]_]_][_]_]_]_ State
	Employer ID Number	er[_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	Date of Sale	
	Contact Person [	
	Telephone Number	[_]_]_[_]_[_]_]_[_]_]
1.15	Facility Sold following informa	If you sold this facility during the reporting year, provide the tion about the buyer:
<u>CBI</u>	Name of Buyer [	
[_]	Mailing Address	[_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	NÀ	[_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	,	[_]_] [_]_]_]_]_][_]_]_] State
	Employer ID Numbe	r[_]_]_]_]_]_]
	Date of Purchase	
	Contact Person [	
	Telephone Number	[_]_]-[_]_]-[_]_]-[_]_]-[_]]
ı	Mark (Y) this hav	if you attach a continuation sheet.
r—,	mark (n) this box	11 Jou accaem a continuation sheet.

ssification	Quantity (kg/y
ufactured	<u>NA</u>
orted	<u>NA</u>
cessed (include quantity repackaged)	<u>UK</u>
that quantity manufactured or imported, report that quantit	:y:
In storage at the beginning of the reporting year	<u>NA</u>
For on-site use or processing	<u>NA</u>
For direct commercial distribution (including export)	<u>NA</u>
In storage at the end of the reporting year	<u>NA</u>
that quantity processed, report that quantity:	
In storage at the beginning of the reporting year	UK
Processed as a reactant (chemical producer)	UK
Processed as a formulation component (mixture producer)	<u>NA</u>
Processed as an article component (article producer)	<u>NA</u>
Repackaged (including export)	<u>NA</u>
In storage at the end of the reporting year	<u>UK</u>

17 <u>I</u>	Mixture If the listed substance on which you are required to report is a mixture or a component of a mixture, provide the following information for each component chemical. (If the mixture composition is variable, report an average percentage of each component chemical for all formulations.)				
_]	Component Name	Supplier Name	Compositio (specify	rage % on by Weight precision, 45% ± 0.5%)	
	NA				
			Total	100%	

2.04	State the quantity of the listed substance that your facility man or processed during the 3 corporate fiscal years preceding the redescending order.	ufactured, in porting year	nported, in
CBI	Year ending	[ <u>□</u> ] <u>□</u> ] Mo.	[ <u>8]6</u> ] <u>Year</u>
	Quantity manufactured	NA	kg
	Quantity imported	NA	kg
	Quantity processed	ШК	kg
	Year ending	[ <u>II]</u> ]]	
	Quantity manufactured	NA	kg
	Quantity imported		kg
	Quantity processed	UK	kg
	Year ending	$\cdots \begin{bmatrix} \boxed{1} \end{bmatrix} \boxed{1}$ Mo.	$\left[\frac{8}{8}\right]\frac{4}{4}$
	Quantity manufactured	NA	kg
	Quantity imported	UK	kg
	Quantity processed	UK	
2.05 CBI	Specify the manner in which you manufactured the listed substance appropriate process types.	•	
[_]	Continuous process	NA	1
	Semicontinuous process	. N.O.	2
	Batch process	ΝΛ	3
	Date. Process		
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.		

2.06 CBI	Specify the manner in appropriate process ty		he listed substance.	Circle all		
[_]	Continuous process					
	Semicontinuous process	5			2	
	Batch process				_	
2.07 CBI	State your facility's substance. (If you are question.)	name-plate capacity free a batch manufacture	or manufacturing or pror batch processor.	processing the do not answ	e listed er this	
[_]	Manufacturing capacity	,		NA	kg/yr	
	Processing capacity		_		kg/yr	
2.08 CBI	If you intend to incremanufactured, imported year, estimate the incovolume.	l, or processed at any	time after your curr	ent corporat		
[_]		Manufacturing Quantity (kg)	Importing Quantity (kg)	Proces Quantit		
	Amount of increase	NA	NA	12200		
	Amount of decrease	NA	NA	UK		
				,		
[_]	Mark (X) this box if y	ou attach a continuat	ion sheet.			

2.09	2.09 For the three largest volume manufacturing or processing process types involvi listed substance, specify the number of days you manufactured or processed the substance during the reporting year. Also specify the average number of hours day each process type was operated. (If only one or two operations are involv list those.)				
<u>CBI</u>			Days/Year	Average Hours/Day	
	Process Type #1	(The process type involving the largest quantity of the listed substance.)			
		Manufactured	NA	NA	
		Processed	286	24	
	Process Type #2	(The process type involving the 2nd largest quantity of the listed substance.)			
		Manufactured	NA		
		Processed	NA	-	
	Process Type #3	(The process type involving the 3rd largest quantity of the listed substance.)			
		Manufactured	NA		
		Processed	<u>NA</u>		
2.10 <u>CBI</u> [_]	substance that chemical.	um daily inventory and average monthly inventory was stored on-site during the reporting year in	the form of	sted a bulk	
	Average monthly	inventory	•	NA ka	
[_]	Mark (X) this b	ox if you attach a continuation sheet.			

ts, Co-
rities
<del></del>

[ ] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

a.	b. % of Quantity		c.	d.	
Product Types <sup>1</sup>	Manufactured, Imported, or Processed		% of Quantity Used Captively On-Site	Type of End-	-Users <sup>2</sup>
<u>K</u> .	100%		0	I	
		<del>-</del>			
 		_			
Use the following codes  A = Solvent  B = Synthetic reactant  C = Catalyst/Initiator/A  Sensitizer  D = Inhibitor/Stabilizer  Antioxidant  E = Analytical reagent  F = Chelator/Coagulant/S  G = Cleanser/Detergent/D  H = Lubricant/Friction m  agent  I = Surfactant/Emulsifie  J = Flame retardant  K = Coating/Binder/Adhes	ccelerator/ //Scavenger/ equestrant legreaser lodifier/Antiwear er	L = M = N = O = O = O = O = O = O = O = O = O	Moldable/Castable Plasticizer Dye/Pigment/Coloe Photographic/Repand additives Electrodeposition Fuel and fuel ad Explosive chemice Fragrance/Flavor Pollution controe Functional fluide Metal alloy and Rheological modies	rant/Ink and ac rographic chemi n/Plating chemi ditives als and additiv chemicals l chemicals s and additives additives	dditives ical icals ves
<sup>2</sup> Use the following codes I = Industrial CM = Commercial	CS = Cons	umei			

<u>BI</u>	import, or process usi corporate fiscal year. import, or process for	ng the listed substate For each use, spectage each use as a percenter reporting year. as a percentage of each product type.	ance at any time aft cify the quantity yo entage of the total Also list the quan the value listed un	u expect to manufacture volume of listed tity of listed substand der column b., and the
	a.	b.	c.	d.
	Product Types <sup>1</sup>	% of Quantity Manufactured, Imported, or Processed	% of Quantity Used Captively On-Site	Type of End-Users <sup>2</sup>
	K	100	0	I
	1			
		es to designate prod		ale/Rubber and additive
	<pre>A = Solvent B = Synthetic reactan C = Catalyst/Initiator     Sensitizer D = Inhibitor/Stabilis</pre>	t r/Accelerator/	L = Moldable/Castal M = Plasticizer N = Dye/Pigment/Co. O = Photographic/Re and additives	lorant/Ink and additive eprographic chemical
	<pre>A = Solvent B = Synthetic reactan C = Catalyst/Initiator Sensitizer D = Inhibitor/Stabilit Antioxidant E = Analytical reagen F = Chelator/Coagulan G = Cleanser/Detergen H = Lubricant/Friction agent I = Surfactant/Emulsit J = Flame retardant</pre>	t r/Accelerator/ zer/Scavenger/ t t/Sequestrant t/Degreaser n modifier/Antiwear	L = Moldable/Castal M = Plasticizer N = Dye/Pigment/Co. O = Photographic/Ro and additives P = Electrodeposit: Q = Fuel and fuel a R = Explosive chemi S = Fragrance/Flavo T = Pollution conti U = Functional flui V = Metal alloy and W = Rheological mod	ion/Plating chemicals additives icals and additives or chemicals col chemicals ids and additives ladditives
	<pre>A = Solvent B = Synthetic reactan C = Catalyst/Initiator Sensitizer D = Inhibitor/Stabilit Antioxidant E = Analytical reagen F = Chelator/Coagulan G = Cleanser/Detergen H = Lubricant/Friction agent I = Surfactant/Emulsit J = Flame retardant K = Coating/Binder/Add</pre>	t r/Accelerator/ zer/Scavenger/ t t/Sequestrant t/Degreaser n modifier/Antiwear fier nesive and additives	L = Moldable/Castal M = Plasticizer N = Dye/Pigment/Co O = Photographic/Re and additives P = Electrodeposit: Q = Fuel and fuel a R = Explosive chemi S = Fragrance/Flave T = Pollution conti U = Functional flui V = Metal alloy and W = Rheological mod X = Other (specify)	lorant/Ink and additive eprographic chemical ion/Plating chemicals additives icals and additives or chemicals col chemicals and additives and additives additives distincts
	<pre>A = Solvent B = Synthetic reactan C = Catalyst/Initiator Sensitizer D = Inhibitor/Stabilit Antioxidant E = Analytical reagen F = Chelator/Coagulan G = Cleanser/Detergen H = Lubricant/Friction agent I = Surfactant/Emulsit J = Flame retardant</pre>	t r/Accelerator/ zer/Scavenger/ t t/Sequestrant t/Degreaser n modifier/Antiwear fier nesive and additives es to designate the  CS = Cons	L = Moldable/Castal M = Plasticizer N = Dye/Pigment/Co. O = Photographic/Re and additives P = Electrodeposit: Q = Fuel and fuel a R = Explosive chemic S = Fragrance/Flavo T = Pollution conticut U = Functional fluit V = Metal alloy and W = Rheological mod X = Other (specify) type of end-users:	lorant/Ink and additive eprographic chemical ion/Plating chemicals additives icals and additives or chemicals col chemicals and additives and additives distance additives

a.	b.	c. Average %	d.
Product Type <sup>1</sup>	Final Product's Physical Form <sup>2</sup>	Composition of Listed Substance in Final Product	Type of End-Users
K	В	0	I
,			
<sup>1</sup> Use the following o	odes to designate pro	oduct types:	
A = Solvent	occo to acorgnate pr	L = Moldable/Castable	/Rubber and add
B = Synthetic react		M = Plasticizer	
C = Catalyst/Initia	tor/Accelerator/	N = Dye/Pigment/Colors	
Sensitizer	ligar/Saguangar/	<pre>0 = Photographic/Repro and additives</pre>	ographic chemic
D = Inhibitor/Stabi Antioxidant	11zer/Scavenger/	P = Electrodeposition	/Plating chemic
E = Analytical reag	ent	Q = Fuel and fuel add:	
F = Chelator/Coagul		R = Explosive chemical	
G = Cleanser/Deterg		S = Fragrance/Flavor	
	ion modifier/Antiwea		
agent		U = Functional fluids	
I = Surfactant/Emul	sifier	V = Metal alloy and a	
J = Flame retardant		W = Rheological modif:	
		es X = Other (specify) _	
<sup>2</sup> Use the following c		e final product's physica	al form:
	F2 = Gr F3 = Gr	ystalline solid	
A = Gas	$r_0 = c_1$	anutes	
A = Gas B = Liquid	_	her solid	
A = Gas B = Liquid C = Aqueous solution	n $F4 = 0tl$	her solid l	
A = Gas B = Liquid C = Aqueous solutio D = Paste	$ \begin{array}{ccc} \mathbf{r} & & & \mathbf{F4} &=& 0  \mathbf{t} \\ \mathbf{G} & & & & \mathbf{G} & \\ \end{array} $	1	
A = Gas B = Liquid C = Aqueous solution	$ \begin{array}{ccc} \mathbf{r} & & & \mathbf{F4} &=& 0  \mathbf{t} \\ \mathbf{G} & & & & \mathbf{G} & \\ \end{array} $		·····
A = Gas B = Liquid C = Aqueous solutio D = Paste E = Slurry F1 = Powder	$ \begin{array}{ccc} \mathbf{r} & & & \mathbf{F4} &=& 0  \mathbf{t} \\ \mathbf{G} & & & & \mathbf{G} & \\ \end{array} $	l her (specify)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
A = Gas B = Liquid C = Aqueous solutio D = Paste E = Slurry F1 = Powder	n F4 = 0tl G = Ge: H = 0tl	l her (specify) e type of end-users:	·····
A = Gas B = Liquid C = Aqueous solution D = Paste E = Slurry F1 = Powder	n $F4 = 0tl$ $G = Gel$ $H = 0tl$ odes to designate the	l her (specify) e type of end-users:	
A = Gas B = Liquid C = Aqueous solution D = Paste E = Slurry F1 = Powder  3 Use the following of I = Industrial	n $F4 = 0tl$ $G = Gel$ $H = 0tl$ odes to designate the	l her (specify)  e type of end-users: nsumer	

2.15 CBI		le all applicable modes of transportation used to delive	er bulk	shipments	of the
[_]	Truck	k	NA		
	Rail	car	NA .		
	Barge	e, Vessel	NA .		
	Pipe:	line	NA		
		e			
		r (specify) NA			
2.16 <u>CBI</u> []	or prof en	omer Use Estimate the quantity of the listed substance repared by your customers during the reporting year for and use listed (i-iv).  Gory of End Use			
	i.	Industrial Products			
		Chemical or mixture		NA	kg/y:
		Article			kg/y:
	ii.	Commercial Products			
		Chemical or mixture		NA	kg/y:
		Article			 kg/y:
	iii.	Consumer Products			<del></del>
		Chemical or mixture		NA	kg/y:
		Article			
	iv.	0ther			
		Distribution (excluding export)		NA	kg/y1
		Export			
		Quantity of substance consumed as reactant			<del></del>
		Unknown customer uses			
 [	Mark	(X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.			

PART	A GENERAL DATA		
3.01 <u>CBI</u>	Specify the quantity purchased and the average price for each major source of supply listed. Product trad The average price is the market value of the product substance.	es are treated a	s purchases.
[_]	Source of Supply	Quantity (kg)	Average Price (\$/kg)
	The listed substance was manufactured on-site.	NA NA	
	The listed substance was transferred from a different company site.	NA	
	The listed substance was purchased directly from a manufacturer or importer.	NA NA	1
	The listed substance was purchased from a distributor or repackager.	491301	\$2.24
	The listed substance was purchased from a mixture producer.	NA .	NA
3.02 CBI [_]	Circle all applicable modes of transportation used to your facility.  Truck		

3.03 CBI	a.	Circle all applicable containers used to transport the listed subs facility.	tance to	your
[_]		Bags	• • • • • • •	1
		Boxes	• • • • • • •	2
		Free standing tank cylinders	• • • • • • •	3
		Tank rail cars		
		Hopper cars	• • • • • • •	5
		Tank trucks		(6
		Hopper trucks		7
		Drums		<del>, ,</del>
		Pipeline		$\sim$
		Other (specify)		
	b.	If the listed substance is transported in pressurized tank cylinde cars, or tank trucks, state the pressure of the tanks.		
		Tank cylinders	NA	mmHg
				mmHg mmHg
		Tank cylinders		mmHg
		Tank cylinders  Tank rail cars	NA	
		Tank cylinders  Tank rail cars	NA	mmHg
		Tank cylinders  Tank rail cars	NA	mmHg
		Tank cylinders  Tank rail cars	NA	mmHg
		Tank cylinders  Tank rail cars	NA	mmHg
		Tank cylinders  Tank rail cars	NA	mmHg
		Tank cylinders  Tank rail cars	NA	mmHg
		Tank cylinders  Tank rail cars	NA	mmHg

.04 <u>BI</u>	If you obtain the listed substance in the form of a mixture, list the trade name(s) of the mixture, the name of its supplier(s) or manufacturer(s), an estimate of the average percent composition by weight of the listed substance in the mixture, and the amount of mixture processed during the reporting year.					
<i>'</i>	Trade Name	Supplier or <u>Manufacturer</u>	Average % Composition by Weight (specify ± % precision)	Amount Processed (kg/yr)		
	<u> </u>					
	engliss and density and desired an appropriate study of the second			-		
			•			

)5 [ _ ]	State the quantity of the listed substance used as a raw material during the reporting year in the form of a class I chemical, class II chemical, or polymer, and the percent composition, by weight, of the listed substance.					
- *		Quantity Used (kg/yr)	% Composition by Weight of Listed Sub stance in Raw Materia (specify <u>+</u> % precisio			
	Class I chemical	UK	100± UK			
	Class II chemical	NA NA				
	Polymer	NA				
			,			

	SECTI	ON 4 PHYSICAL/CHEMI	CAL PROPERTIES	
Gener	al Instructions:			
	u are reporting on a mixtu t are inappropriate to mix			uestions in Section
notic	uestions 4.06-4.15, if you e that addresses the infor mile in lieu of answering	mation requested, yo	u may submit a copy o	bel, MSDS, or other r reasonable
PART	A PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL DATA	SUMMARY		
4.01 <u>CBI</u>	Specify the percent purit substance as it is manufa substance in the final primport the substance, or	ctured, imported, or coduct form for manuf	processed. Measure acturing activities,	the purity of the at the time you
[_]		Manufacture	Import	Process
	Technical grade #1	% purity	% purity	UK % purity
	Technical grade #2	% purity	% purity	UK% purity
	Technical grade #3	% purity	% purity	
	<sup>1</sup> Major = Greatest quantit	y of listed substanc	e manufactured, impor	ted or processed.
4.02	appropriate response.	formulation containied and an MSDS develoer at least one MSDS	ng the listed substand ped by a different sou has been submitted by	ce. If you possess urce, submit your circling the
	Yes	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		(1
	No			2
	Indicate whether the MSDS	was developed by yo	ur company or by a di	fferent source.
	Your company		•••••	
	Another source			(2
<u></u>	Mark (X) this box if you	attach a continuatio	n sheet.	

4.03	Submit a copy or reasonable facsimile of any hazard information (other than an MSDS) that is provided to your customers/users regarding the listed substance or any formulation containing the listed substance. Indicate whether this information has been submitted by circling the appropriate response.
	Yes 1
	No

For each activity that uses the listed substance, circle all the applicable number(s) corresponding to each physical state of the listed substance during the activity listed. Physical states for importing and processing activities are determined at the time you import or begin to process the listed substance. Physical states for manufacturing, storage, disposal and transport activities are determined using the final state of the product.

		Phy.	sical State		
Activity	Solid	Slurry	Liquid	Liquified Gas	Gas
Manufacture	1	2	3	4	5
Import	1	2	3	4	5
Process	1	2	3	4	5
Store	1	2	3	4	5
Dispose	1	2	3	4	5
Transport	1	2	3	4	5

[ ] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

]	e, disposal and transp	ort activities	using t	he final	state o	or the pro	oduct.
Physic State		Manufacture	Import	Process	Store	Dispose	Transpor
Dust	<1 micron			NA			
	1 to <5 microns	<del></del>		NA			
	5 to <10 microns			NA			
Powder	<1 micron			NA			
	1 to <5 microns			NA			
	5 to <10 microns			NA			<del></del>
Fiber	<1 micron		<del>a </del>	NA	***************************************	******	
	1 to <5 microns			NA			
	5 to <10 microns			NA			
Aeroso	l <1 micron			NA			
	1 to <5 microns			NA			
	5 to <10 microns			NA			
				·			

' A 1	RATE CONSTANTS AND TRANSFORMATION PRODUCTS			
In	dicate the rate constants for the following tran	sforma	tion processes.	
a.	Photolysis:			
	Absorption spectrum coefficient (peak)	UK	(1/M cm) at	nm
	Reaction quantum yield, 6			
	Direct photolysis rate constant, $k_p$ , at	UK	1/hr	_ latit
b.				
	For <sup>1</sup> 0 <sub>2</sub> (singlet oxygen), k <sub>ox</sub>		UK	1/:
	For RO <sub>2</sub> (peroxy radical), k <sub>ox</sub>		UK	1/
c.	Five-day biochemical oxygen demand, BOD <sub>5</sub>		UK	mg
d.	- Biotransformation rate constant:			
	For bacterial transformation in water, $k_b \dots$		UK	1/
	Specify culture		UK	
e.	Hydrolysis rate constants:			
	For base-promoted process, k <sub>B</sub>		UK	1/1
	For acid-promoted process, k <sub>A</sub>			1/
	For neutral process, k <sub>N</sub>		•	
f.	Chemical reduction rate (specify conditions)		1117	
g.	Other (such as spontaneous degradation)		UK	

					<del></del>	
PART	ВР	PARTITION COEFFICIENTS				
5.02	a.	Specify the half-life	of the listed subst	tance in the fo	llowing med	ia.
		<u>Media</u>		Half-life (	specify uni	<u>ts)</u>
		Groundwater		Ų	JK	
		Atmosphere		L.	JK	
		Surface water			JK	
		Soil		L	JK	
	b.	Identify the listed s life greater than 24		ansformation pro	oducts that	have a half-
		CAS No.	<u>Name</u>	Half-life (specify uni	its)	Media
		UK			in _	
		<u>UK</u>			in	
		UK			in	
		UK			in	
5.03	Sne	cify the octanol-water	partition coefficie	ent. K	UK	at 25°0
		hod of calculation or		• "	UK	
5.04	Spe	cify the soil-water pa	rtition coefficient,	K <sub>d</sub>	UK	at 25°C
	Soi	l type	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		UK	
5.05	Spe	cify the organic carbon	n-water partition		UK	at 25°C
5.06	Spe	cify the Henry's Law Co	onstant, H		UK	atm-m³/mole
	W	k (X) this box if you a	attach a continuatio	n sheet		
lJ	ridf.	r (v) this now it you s	accaen a continuatio	n snect.		

Bioconcentration Factor	Species	<u>Test<sup>1</sup></u>
UK		
<sup>1</sup> Use the following codes to des	signate the type of test:	
F = Flowthrough		
S = Static		
		•

6.04 <u>CBI</u>	For each market listed below, state the listed substance sold or transfer	he quantity sold and the red in bulk during the n	e total sales value of ceporting year.	
[_]	Market	Quantity Sold or Transferred (kg/yr)	Total Sales Value (\$/yr)	
	Retail sales			
	Distribution Wholesalers	NA NA		
	Distribution Retailers			
	Intra-company transfer			
	Repackagers			
	Mixture producers			
	Article producers			
	Other chemical manufacturers or processors			
	Exporters			
	Other (specify)			
6.05 <u>CBI</u>	Substitutes List all known commerce for the listed substance and state the feasible substitute is one which is ed in your current operation, and which is performance in its end uses.	e cost of each substitute conomically and technolo	te. A commercially ogically feasible to us	
[_]	Substitute		Cost (\$/kg)	
	UK			
				_
				_
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a cont	tinuation sheet.		

### SECTION 7 MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING INFORMATION

## General Instructions:

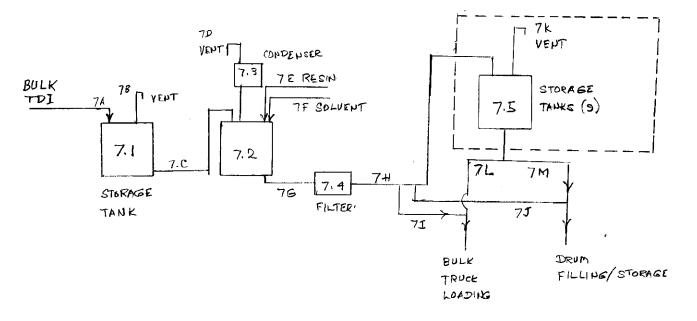
For questions 7.04-7.06, provide a separate response for each process block flow diagram provided in questions 7.01, 7.02, and 7.03. Identify the process type from which the information is extracted.

## PART A MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING PROCESS TYPE DESCRIPTION

7.01 In accordance with the instructions, provide a process block flow diagram showing the major (greatest volume) process type involving the listed substance.

CBI

[ ] Process type ...... URETHANE PRODUCTION

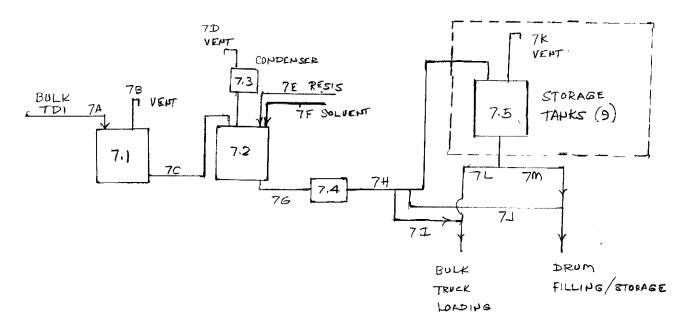


[ ] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

7.03 In accordance with the instructions, provide a process block flow diagram showing all process emission streams and emission points that contain the listed substance and which, if combined, would total at least 90 percent of all facility emissions if not treated before emission into the environment. If all such emissions are released from one process type, provide a process block flow diagram using the instructions for question 7.01. If all such emissions are released from more than one process type, provide a process block flow diagram showing each process type as a separate block.

CBI

Process type ....... URETHANE PRODUCTION



IMISSIONS OF TOT FROM 7B.

<sup>[ ]</sup> Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

7.04	Describe the process block	typical equipment type flow diagram(s). If	s for each unit oper a process block flow	ration identifie v diagram is pro	d in your vided for more
<u>CBI</u>	than one proce process type.	ess type, photocopy th	is question and comp	olete it separat	ely for each
[_]	Process type	<u>Urethane</u> F	Production		
	Unit Operation ID Number	Typical Equipment Type	Operating Temperature Range (°C)	Operating Pressure Range (mm Hg)	Vessel Composition
	7.1	Storage Tank	43	760	C <u>arbon Stee</u> l
	7.2	Reactor	110	760	S <u>tainless S</u> tee
	7.3	Condenser	24	760	S <u>tainless/C</u> .S.
	7.4	Filter	60	45600	Carbon Steel
		Storage_Tank	50	760	Carbon Steel
		<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	
					<del> </del>
			AND COMPANY OF THE PARTY OF THE	444.454.47	
		<del></del>			
	<del></del>				

[\_\_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

1	Process type	Urethane Producti	on	
1	Troccos type			
	Process Stream ID Code	Process Stream Description	Physical State	Stream Flow (kg/yr
	7a	TDI (Raw Material)	OL	UK
	7B	Vent from Storage Tank	GU	UK
	7C	TDI (Raw Material)	<u> </u>	UK
	7D	Reactor Condensor Vent	GU	UK
	7E	Resin (Raw Material)	0L	UK
	7F	Solvent (Raw Material)	OL	UK
	7G	Urethane Resin (Product)	OL	<u>UK</u>
	7H	Urethane Resin (Product)	0L	UK
				. <b></b>
	Use the foll  GC = Gas (co GU = Gas (un SO = Solid SY = Sludge AL = Aqueous OL = Organic	owing codes to designate the physindensible at ambient temperature a condensible at ambient temperature or slurry liquid	nd pressure) and pressure)	
	Use the foll  GC = Gas (co GU = Gas (un SO = Solid SY = Sludge AL = Aqueous OL = Organic	owing codes to designate the physindensible at ambient temperature a condensible at ambient temperature or slurry liquid liquid	nd pressure) and pressure)	
	Use the foll  GC = Gas (co GU = Gas (un SO = Solid SY = Sludge AL = Aqueous OL = Organic IL = Immisci	owing codes to designate the physindensible at ambient temperature a condensible at ambient temperature or slurry liquid liquid ble liquid (specify phases, e.g.,	nd pressure) and pressure)  90% water, 10% toluene	<b>:</b> )
	Use the foll  GC = Gas (co GU = Gas (un SO = Solid SY = Sludge AL = Aqueous OL = Organic IL = Immisci 7I	owing codes to designate the physindensible at ambient temperature a condensible at ambient temperature or slurry liquid liquid ble liquid (specify phases, e.g.,	nd pressure) and pressure)  90% water, 10% toluene	e <b>)</b> UK
	Use the foll  GC = Gas (co GU = Gas (un SO = Solid SY = Sludge AL = Aqueous OL = Organic IL = Immisci  7I 7J	owing codes to designate the physindensible at ambient temperature a condensible at ambient temperature or slurry liquid liquid ble liquid (specify phases, e.g.,  Urethane Resin (Product)  Urethane Resin (Product)	nd pressure) and pressure)  90% water, 10% toluene  OL OL	uk UK

BI	instructions	n and complete it sepa for further explanati	on and an example	e.)	(Nezez to the
_]	Process type		Production	_	
	a. Process Stream ID Code	b. <u>Known Compounds</u> <sup>1</sup>	c. Concen- trations <sup>2,3</sup> (% or ppm)	d. Other Expected Compounds	e. Estimated Concentration (% or ppm)
	7A	TDI	100%(A)(V)	NONE	NA NA
	7B	Air	10%(A)(V)	NONE	NA
		Inert Gas	90%(A)(V)	NONE	
	<u>7C</u>	TDI	100%(A)(V)	NONE	NA
.06	continued be	low			·
	7D	Air Inert Gas	5%(A)(V) 95%(A)(V)	NONE	NA
	7E	RESIN	100%(A)(V)	NONE	NA
	7F	Solvent	100%(A)(V)	NONE	NA
	7G-7M	Urethane Resin	100%(A)(V)	NONE	NA

7.06 (	cont	inue	d)
--------	------	------	----

<sup>1</sup>For each additive package introduced into a process stream, specify the compounds that are present in each additive package, and the concentration of each component. Assign an additive package number to each additive package and list this number in column b. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example. Refer to the glossary for the definition of additive package.)

Additive <u>Package Number</u>	Components of Additive Package	Concentration (% or ppm)
1	NA	
2		**************************************
2		
3		
4		- Visit
5		
<sup>2</sup> Use the following codes to	designate how the concentration	on was determined.
A = Analytical result E = Engineering judgement/		on was determined.
<sup>3</sup> Use the following codes to	designate how the concentration	on was measured:
V = Volume W = Weight		

# SECTION 8 RESIDUAL TREATMENT GENERATION, CHARACTERIZATION, TRANSPORTATION, AND MANAGEMENT

#### General Instructions:

For questions 8.04-8.06, provide a separate response for each residual treatment block flow diagram provided in question 8.01, 8.02 or 8.03. Identify the process type from which the information is extracted.

For questions 8.05-8.33, the Stream Identification Codes are those process streams listed in either the Section 7 or Section 8 block flow diagrams which contain residuals for each applicable waste management method.

For questions 8.07-8.33, if residuals are combined before they are handled, list those Stream Identification Codes on the same line.

Questions 8.09-8.33 refer to the waste management activities involving the residuals identified in either the Section 7 or Section 8 block flow diagrams. Not all Stream Identification Codes used in the sample answers (e.g., for the incinerator questions) have corresponding process streams identified in the block flow diagram(s). These Stream Identification codes are for illustrative purposes only.

For questions 8.11-8.33, if you have provided the information requested on one of the EPA Office of Solid Waste surveys listed below within the three years prior to your reporting year, you may submit a copy or reasonable facsimile in lieu of answering those questions which the survey addresses. The applicable surveys are: (1) Hazardous Waste Treatment, Storage, Disposal, and Recycling Survey; (2) Hazardous Waste Generator Survey; or (3) Subtitle D Industrial Facility Mail Survey.

8.01 <u>CBI</u>	In accordance with the instruction which describes the treatment	ctions, provide a residual treatment block flow diagram process used for residuals identified in question 7.0
[_]	Process type	NONE
		,

8.05 <u>CBI</u>	diagram process	i(s). If a is type, photo	esidual trea copy this qu	tment block fi estion and cor	in your residua low diagram is mplete it sepa r explanation a	provided for rately for ea	more than on ch process
[_]	Process	type	•••		*****		
	a.	b.	C.	d.	e.	f.	g.
	Stream ID Code	Type of Hazardous Waste	Physical State of Residual <sup>2</sup>	Known Compounds <sup>3</sup>	Concentra- tions (% or ppm) 4,5,6	Other Expected Compounds	Estimated Concen- trations (% or ppm)
	NA	NA NA	<u>NA</u>	NA	NA .	NA	NA
							_
							_
							No. of the state o
							·
8.05	continu	ed below					

## 8.05 (continued) 1 Use the following codes to designate the type of hazardous waste: I = Ignitable C = Corrosive R = Reactive E = EP toxicT = ToxicH = Acutely hazardous <sup>2</sup>Use the following codes to designate the physical state of the residual: GC = Gas (condensible at ambient temperature and pressure) GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure) SO = SolidSY = Sludge or slurry AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid IL = Immiscible liquid (specify phases, e.g., 90% water, 10% toluene) 8.05 continued below

8.05 (continue	ed)
----------------	-----

<sup>3</sup>For each additive package introduced into a process stream, specify the compounds that are present in each additive package, and the concentration of each component. Assign an additive package number to each additive package and list this number in column d. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example. Refer to the glossary for the definition of additive package.)

Additive Package Number	Components of Additive Package	Concentrations (% or ppm)
1	NA	
2		
	·	
3		
4		
5		
A		
"Use the following codes	to designate how the concentrati	on was determined:
A = Analytical result E = Engineering judgemen	nt/calculation	
continued below		<b></b>
Mark (Y) this how if you	attach a continuation sheet.	

Ω.	.05	(continued)
ο.		(Continued)

 $^{5}\mbox{Use}$  the following codes to designate how the concentration was measured:

V = Volume

W = Weight

<sup>6</sup>Specify the analytical test methods used and their detection limits in the table below. Assign a code to each test method used and list those codes in column e.

Code		Method	Detec ( <u>+</u>	tion Limit ug/l)
1	NA			
2				
_3				
_4				
_5				
6				

	process	(s). If a re type, photo (Refer to the	copy this au	estion and c	omplete i	t separate	ly for each	process
CBI								
[_]	Process	type	• • •					·····
	а.	b.	c.	d.	е	·	f. Costs for	g.
	Stream ID Code	Waste Description Code	Management Method Code <sup>2</sup>	Residual Quantities (kg/yr)	of Resi	gement dual (%) Off-Site	Off-Site Management (per kg)	Changes in Management Methods
	<u>NA</u>	NA	NA		·			<del></del>
	·							
			-					
	_	e codes prov			_			

## EXHIBIT 8-1. (Refers to question 8.06(b))

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## Waste Description Codes

These waste description codes were developed specifically for this survey to supplement the descriptions listed with the RCRA and other waste codes. (These waste description codes are not regulatory definitions.)

## WASTE DESCRIPTION CODES FOR HAZARDOUS WASTE DESCRIBED BY A SINGLE RCRA F, K, P, OR U WASTE CODE

- Spent solvent (F001-F005, K086)
- A02 Other organic liquid (F001-F005, K086) A03 Still bottom (F001-F005, K086)
- A04 Other organic sludge (F001-F005, K086)
- A05. Wastewater or aqueous mixture
- AD6 Contaminated soil or cleanup residue
- A07 Other F or K waste, exactly as described ADS Concentrated off-spec or discarded product
- A09 Empty containers
- "Exactly as described" means that the waste matches the description of the RCRA waste code.
- A10 Incinerator ash
- Solidified treatment residue A11
- A12 Other treatment residue (specify in 'Facility Notes'')
- Other untreated waste (specify in "Facility Notes")

INORGANIC LIQUIDS—Waste that is primarily
inorganic and highly fluid (e.g., aqueous), with
low suspended inorganic solids and low organic
content.

- 801 Aqueous waste with low solvents 802 Aqueous waste with low other toxic
- organics B03 Spent acid with metals
- B04 Spent acid without metals
- B05 Acidic aqueous waste
- B06 Caustic solution with metals but no cyanides
- 807 Caustic solution with metals and cyanides
- 808 Caustic solution with cyanides but no metals
- B09 Spent caustic
- B10 Caustic aqueous waste
- B11 Aqueous waste with reactive sulfides
- B12 Aqueous waste with other reactives (e.g., explosives)
- B13 Other aqueous waste with high dissolved solids
- B14 Other aqueous waste with low dissolved solids
- B15 Scrubber water
- B16 Leachate
- B17 Waste liquid mercury
- B18 Other inorganic liquid (specify in "Facility Notes")

### INORGANIC SLUDGES-Waste that is primarily inorganic, with moderate-to-high wat content and low organic content; pumpable.

- 819 Lime sludge without metals
- B20 Lime sludge with metals/metal hydroxide sludge
- Wastewater treatment sludge with toxic organics
- **B22** Other wastewater treatment sludge
- B23 Untreated plating sludge without cyanides B24 Untreated plating sludge with cyanides
- B25 Other sludge with cyanides
- **B26** Sludge with reactive sulfides
- **B27** Sludge with other reactives
- B28 Degreasing sludge with metal scale or filings
- B29 Air pollution control device sludge (e.g., fly ash, wet scrubber sludge)
- 830 Sediment or lagoon dragout contaminated with organics
- B31 Sediment or lagoon dragout contaminated with inorganics only

- **B32** Drilling mud
- **B33** Asbestos siurry or studge
- 834 Chloride or other brine sludge
- Other inorganic studge (specify in 'Facility Notes'')

#### INORGANIC SOLIDS-Waste that is primarily inorganic and solid, with low organic content and low-to-moderate water content; not pumpable.

- 836 Soil contaminated with organics
- **B37** Soil contaminated with inorganics only Ash, slag, or other residue from inciner-**B38**
- ation of wastes **B39** Other "dry" ash, slag, or thermal residue
- B40 "Dry" lime or metal hydroxide solids
- chemically "fixed" **B41** "Dry" lime or metal hydroxide solids not "fixed"
- Metal scale, filings, or scrap
- **B43** Empty or crushed metal drums or con-
- Batteries or battery parts, casings, cores
- 845 Spent solid filters or adsorbents **B46** Asbestos solids and debns
- **B47** Metal-cyanide salts/chemicals
- 848 Reactive cyanide salts/chemicals
- **R49** Reactive sulfide salts/chemicals
- BS0 Other reactive salts/chemicals
- 851 Other metal salts/chemicals
- Other waste inorganic chemicals 852
- Lab packs of old chemicals only **B53**
- **B54** Lab packs of debris only
- 855 Mixed lab packs 856
  - Other inorganic solids (specify in 'Facility Notes")

### INORGANIC GASES—Waste that is primarily inorganic with a low organic content and is a gas at atmospheric pressure.

B57 Inorganic gases

ORGANIC LIQUIDS-Waste that is primarily organic and is highly fluid, with low inorganic solids content and low-to-moderate water content.

- **B58** Concentrated solvent-water solution
- Halogenated (e.g., chlonnated) solvent **B59**
- **B60** Nonhalogenated solvent

- 861 Halogenated/nonhalogenated solvent
- mixture B62 Oil-water emulsion or mixture
- **B63** Waste oil
- Concentrated aqueous solution of other organics
- **B65** Concentrated phenolics
- RAS Organic paint, ink, lacquer, or varnish
- 867 Adhesives or expoxies
- RAR Paint thinner or petroleum distillates
- **B69** Reactive or polymerizable organic liquid
- **B70** Other organic liquid (specify in "Facility Notes")

### ORGANIC SLUDGES-Waste that is primarily organic, with low-to-moderate inorganic solids content and water content; pumpable.

- Still bottoms of halogenated (e.g., chlorinated) solvents or other organic liquids
- Still bottoms of nonhalogenated 872
- solvents or other organic liquids
- 873 Oily studge
- **B74** Organic paint or ink sludge
- **B75** Reactive or polymerizable organics
- Resins, tars, or tarry sludge
- Biological treatment sludge
- Sewage or other untreated biological sludge
- Other organic studge (specify in 'Facility Notes'')

### ORGANIC SOLIDS—Waste that is primarily organic and solid, with low-to-moderate inorganic content and water content; not pumpable.

- RAO Halogenated pesticide solid
- RA1 Nonhalogenated pesticide solid 882
- Solid reains or polymenzed organics 883 Spent carbon
- RA4 Reactive organic solid
- RAS Empty fiber or plastic containers
- 886 Lab packs of old chemicals only
- 887 Lab packs of debris only
- 888 Mixed lab packs
- **RA9** Other halogenated organic solid
- Other nonhalogenated organic solid

ORGANIC GASES—Waste that is primarily organic with low-to-moderate inorganic content and is a gas at atmospheric pressure.

**B91** Organic gases

# EXHIBIT 8-2. (Refers to question 8.06(c))

## MANAGEMENT METHODS

M1 =	Discharge to publicly owned	Reco	very of solvents and liquid organics
	wastewater treatment works		reuse
M2 =	Discharge to surface water under	1SR	Fractionation
	NPDES	2SR	Batch still distillation
M3 =	Discharge to off-site, privately		Solvent extraction
	owned wastewater treatment works		Thin-film evaporation
M4 =	Scrubber: a) caustic; b) water;		Filtration
	c) other		Phase separation
M5 =	Vent to: a) atmosphere; b) flare;		Dessication
	c) other (specify)	8SR	Other solvent recovery
M6 =	Other (specify)		6 4-1-
	MARINE AND DECECTIVE		very of metals
IKKA	THENT AND RECYCLING	TMK	Activated carbon (for metals recovery)
Tnoi	neration/thermal treatment	2MR	Electrodialysis (for metals
	Liquid injection	21111	recovery)
21	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3MR	Electrolytic metal recovery
31	Rotary kiln with a liquid injection	4MR	
J1	unit		Reverse osmosis (for metals
41	Two stage	3	recovery)
	Fixed hearth	6MR	
	Multiple hearth	0.11.	recovery)
	Fluidized bed	7MR	Ultrafiltration (for metals
	Infrared	, , , , ,	recovery)
9T	Fume/vapor	8MR	Other metals recovery
101	Pyrolytic destructor	0	V
111	Other incineration/thermal	Vast	tevater Treatment
	treatment		er each wastewater treatment type
			listed below (1WT - 66WT) specify
Reus	e as fuel		a) tank; or b) surface impoundment
	Cement kiln		(i.e., 63WTa)
	Aggregate kiln		(=,
3RF	Asphalt kiln	Equa	alization
	Other kiln		Equalization
	Blast furnace		-1
	Sulfur recovery furnace	Cyar	nide oxidation
	Smelting, melting, or refining		Alkaline chlorination '
	furnace	3WT	0zone
8RF	Coke oven	4WT	Electrochemical
	Other industrial furnace	5WT	Other cyanide oxidation
	Industrial boiler		·
11RF	Utility boiler	Gene	eral oxidation (including
	Process heater		infection)
	Other reuse as fuel unit	6VT	Chlorination
		7WT	Ozonation
Fuel	Blending	8WT	UV radiation
1FB		9WT	Other general oxidation
	<b>U</b>		
Soli	dification	Cher	nical precipitation <sup>1</sup>
18	Cement or cement/silicate processes	10V	ſ Lime
28	Pozzolanic processes	11V	C Sodium hydroxide
35	Asphaltic processes		l Soda ash
45	Thermoplastic techniques		ß Sulfide
5S	Organic polymer techniques	14W	COther chemical precipitation
6S	Jacketing (macro-encapsulation)		
75	Other solidification	Chr	omium reduction
-		15W	C Sodium bisulfite
		16W	C Sulfur dioxide

## EXHIBIT 8-2. (continued)

### MANAGEMENT METHODS

17WT Ferrous sulfate 18WT Other chromium reduction

Complexed metals treatment (other than chemical precipitation by pH adjustment) 19WT Complexed metals treatment

Emulsion breaking 20WT Thermal 21WT Chemical

22WT Other emulsion breaking

Adsorption 23WT Carbon adsorption 24WT Ion exchange 25WT Resin adsorption 26WT Other adsorption

Stripping 27WT Air stripping 28WT Steam stripping 29WT Other stripping

Evaporation
30WT Thermal
31WT Solar
32WT Vapor recompression
33WT Other evaporation

Filtration
34WT Diatomaceous earth
35WT Sand
36WT Multimedia
37WT Other filtration

Sludge dewatering
38WT Gravity thickening
39WT Vacuum filtration
40WT Pressure filtration (belt, plate
and frame, or leaf)
41WT Centrifuge

Air flotation 43WT Dissolved air flotation 44WT Partial aeration 45WT Air dispersion

42WT Other sludge dewatering

46WT Other air flotation

Oil skimming 47WT Gravity separation 48WT Coalescing plate separation 49WT Other oil skimming

Other liquid phase separation 50WT Decanting 51WT Other liquid phase separation

Biological treatment
52WT Activated sludge
53WT Fixed film-trickling filter
54WT Fixed film-rotating contactor
55WT Lagoon or basin, aerated
56WT Lagoon, facultative
57WT Anaerobic
58WT Other biological treatment

Other wastewater treatment

59WT Wet air oxidation
60WT Neutralization
61WT Nitrification
62WT Denitrification
63WT Flocculation and/or coagulation
64WT Settling (clarification)
65WT Reverse osmosis
66WT Other wastewater treatment

### OTHER WASTE TREATMENT

1TR Other treatment 2TR Other recovery for reuse

### ACCUMULATION

1A Containers 2A Tanks

### STORAGE

1ST Container (i.e., barrel, drum)
2ST Tank
3ST Waste pile
4ST Surface impoundment
5ST Other storage

### DISPOSAL

- 1D Landfill
- 2D Land treatment
- 3D Surface impoundment (to be closed as a landfill)
- 4D Underground injection well

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Chemical precipitation is a treatment operation whereby the pH of a waste is adjusted to the range necessary for removal (precipitation) of contaminants. However, if the pH is adjusted solely to achieve a neutral pH, THE OPERATION SHOULD BE CONSIDERED NEUTRALIZATION (60WT).

[ <u></u> ]	·	Ch	Combustion Chamber Temperature (°C)		Location of Temperature Monitor		ence Time mbustion (seconds)
	Incinerator	Primary	Secondary	Primary	Secondary	Primary	Secondary
	1	NA_					
	2			<del></del>			
	3						
	Indicate by circ	e if Office ling the app	of Solid Wast ropriate resp	te survey ha oonse.	s been submit	tted in lieu	of response
	Yes					• • • • • • • • • • • •	
	No						•
3.23 CBI	Complete the sare used on-streatment block	following ta	ble for the t the residuals ram(s).	three larges s identified	t (by capacit	ty) incinera	tors that r residual s of
CBI	Complete the are used on-streatment block incinerator	following ta	ble for the the residuals ram(s).  Air Po	three larges	t (by capacit	ty) incinera cess block of Type: Emission	tors that r residual s of
CBI	Complete the sare used on-streatment block treatment block tre	following ta	ble for the the residuals ram(s).  Air Po	three larges identified ollution large	t (by capacit	ty) incinera cess block of Type: Emission	tors that r residual s of ns Data
CBI	Complete the sare used on-streatment block  Incinerator  1 2 3 Indicate	following ta ite to burn ck flow diag	ble for the the residuals ram(s).  Air Po	three larges identified ollution I Device	t (by capacit	ty) incinera cess block of Type: Emission Avai	tors that r residual s of ns Data lable
CBI	Complete the sare used on-streatment block  Incinerator  1 2 3  Indicate by circ	following ta ite to burn ck flow diag	ble for the the residuals ram(s).  Air Po Control  N  of Solid Was propriate response.	three larges identified ollution la Device la	t (by capacit	ty) incinera cess block of Type: Emission Avai	tors that r residual s of ns Data lable of response
CBI	Complete the are used on-streatment block  Incinerator  1 2 3  Indicate by circ. Yes	following ta ite to burn ck flow diag	ble for the the residuals ram(s).  Air Po Control  Of Solid Wass propriate response.	three larges identified ollution I Device	t (by capacity in your product)	Type: Emission Avai	tors that r residual s of ns Data lable of response
CBI	Complete the are used on-streatment block  Incinerator  1 2 3  Indicate by circ. Yes	following ta ite to burn ck flow diag	ble for the the residuals ram(s).  Air Po Control  Of Solid Was to propriate response.	three larges identified ollution I Device	t (by capacity in your product)	Type: Emission Avai	tors that r residual s of ns Data lable of response

SECTION 9 WORKER EXPOSURE
General Instructions:
Questions 9.03-9.25 apply only to those processes and workers involved in manufacturing or processing the listed substance. Do not include workers involved in residual waste treatment unless they are involved in this treatment process on a regular basis (i.e., exclude maintenance workers, construction workers, etc.).

## PART A EMPLOYMENT AND POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PROFILE

9.01 Mark (X) the appropriate column to indicate whether your company maintains records on the following data elements for hourly and salaried workers. Specify for each data element the year in which you began maintaining records and the number of years the records for that data element are maintained. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example.)

<del></del>	ata are Ma Hourly	intained for Salaried	Year in Which Data Collection	Number of Years Records
Data Element	Workers	Workers	Began	Are Maintained
Date of hire	X	Х	<u>UK</u>	5 YEARS*
Age at hire	X	X	UK	5 YEARS*
Work history of individual before employment at your facility	X	X	UK	5 YEARS*
Sex	X	X	UK	5 YEARS*
Race	X	X	UK	5 YEARS*
Job titles	X	X	UK	5 YEARS*
Start date for each job title	X	X	UK	5 YEARS*
End date for each job title	X	X	UK	5 YEARS*
Work area industrial hygiene monitoring data	X	X	UK	UK 
Personal employee monitoring data	<u>NA</u>	NA	NA	NA .
Employee medical history	X	X	UK	5 YEARS*
Employee smoking history	<u>NA</u>	NA	UK	NA
Accident history	X	X	ÚK	5 YEARS*
Retirement date	X	X	<u>UK</u>	5 YEARS*
Termination date	X	X	UK	5 YEARS*
Vital status of retirees	X	X	UK	5 YEARS*
Cause of death data	NA**_	<u>NA</u>	NA	NA

<sup>\*</sup> AFTER TERMINATION (FOR THIS SITE (CORPORATE NOW KEEPING LONGER)

<sup>\*\*</sup> ONLY RECORDED IF INFORMED

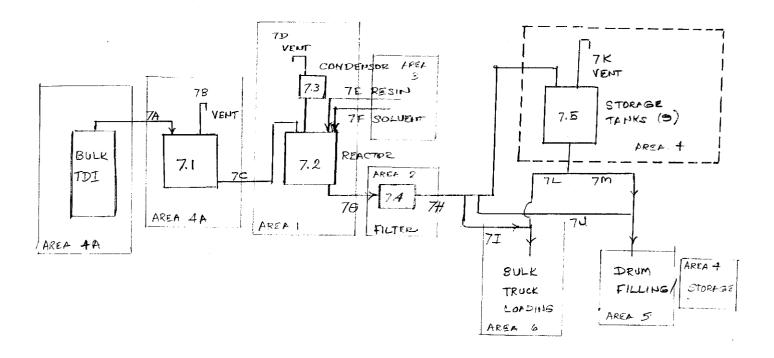
<sup>[ ]</sup> Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

9.02 <u>CBI</u>	In accordance with the in which you engage.	instructions, complete	the following ta	ble for ea	ach activity
[_]	<b>a.</b>	b.	c.	d.	е.
	Activity	Process Category	Yearly Quantity (kg)	Total Workers	Total Worker-Hours
	Manufacture of the	Enclosed	NA	<del> </del>	
	listed substance	Controlled Release	NA		
		0pen	NA		
	On-site use as	Enclosed	NA .		
	reactant	Controlled Release	566	6	12480
		0pen	NA		
	On-site use as	Enclosed	NA		
	nonreactant	Controlled Release	NA		-
		0pen	NA		
	On-site preparation	Enclosed	NA		
	of products	Controlled Release	NA NA	***************************************	
		0pen	NA		

<u>_</u> 1	
Labor Category	Descriptive Job Title
A	Resin Supervisor
В	Resin Aide
С	
D	
E	
F	
G	
н	
I	
J	

9.04 In accordance with the instructions, provide your process block flow diagram(s) and indicate associated work areas.

CBI			
[_]	Process type	.URETHANE RESIN PRODUCTION	



9.05 CBI	may potentially come additional areas not	in contact with shown in the pr	own in question 9.04 that encompass workers who or be exposed to the listed substance. Add any ocess block flow diagram in question 7.01 or omplete it separately for each process type.
[_]	Process type	Urethane P	roduction
	Work Area ID	Descr	iption of Work Areas and Worker Activities
	1	Reactor	Workers monitor temperature and take samples
	2	Filter*	Workers operate machinery
	3	Charging Area	Resins and solvents pumped
	4	Storage	Bulk and drums, finished goods
	5	Drum Filling	Workers fill drums
	6	Tankwagon loa	ding/unloading
	<b>₹</b> 4A	Storage	Bulk raw material
	8		
	9		
	10		
		* Plate and f	rame filter

Process type Urethane Resin Production							
Work area .			1. Reactor				
Labor Category	Number of Workers Exposed	Mode of Exposure (e.g., direct skin contact)	Physical State of Listed Substance	Average Length of Exposure Per Day <sup>2</sup>	Number of Days per Year Expose		
A, B	6	Direct skin contact	<u> </u>	В	204		
-		Inhalation	<u>OL</u>	В			
					-		
the point of temper GU = Gas (temper temper	of exposure: condensible a erature and pr uncondensible erature and pr	essure) AL = at ambient OL = essure; IL =	Sludge or sl Aqueous liqu Organic liqu Immiscible	lurry 1id 1id liquid	bstance a		
<pre>includes fumes, vapors, etc.) S0 = Solid</pre>			(specify phase 90% water, 1				
<sup>2</sup> Use the following codes to designate average length of exposure per day:							
A = 15 minutes or less B = Greater than 15 minutes, but no exceeding 1 hour		tes, but not $E =$	exceeding 4 h	4 hours, but			

Process type URETHANE RESIN PR					
Labor Category	Number of Workers Exposed	Mode of Exposure (e.g., direct skin contact)	Physical State of Listed Substance	Average Length of Exposure Per Day	Number of Days per Year Exposed
A,B	6	<u>Direct skin contact</u>	OL	В	204
		Inhalation	OL	В	
the point of the p	of exposure:  (condensible a erature and properties of the condensible erature and properties fumes, values fumes,	t ambient SY = essure) AL = at ambient OL = essure; IL = pors, etc.)  to designate average le tes, but not E = (	he physical state of the listed substance  SY = Sludge or slurry AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid IL = Immiscible liquid (specify phases, e.g., 90% water, 10% toluene)  verage length of exposure per day:  D = Greater than 2 hours, but not exceeding 4 hours E = Greater than 4 hours, but not exceeding 8 hours		

		URETHANE RESIN PRODUCT		01	-
Work area	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	3. (	Charging	
Labor Category	Number of Workers Exposed	Mode of Exposure (e.g., direct skin contact)	Physical State of Listed Substance <sup>1</sup>	Average Length of Exposure Per Day	Number of Days per Year Exposed
A,B	6	Direct skin contact	<u> </u>	B	204
		Inhalation	<u> </u>	В	
			•		
					-
	******				
<u></u>	<del></del>				
				****	
the point of GC = Gas ( tempe GU = Gas ( tempe inclus SO = Solid  2 Use the fol A = 15 minu B = Greater exceedi C = Greater	condensible a rature and pruncondensible rature and prodes fumes, values fumes codes	essure)  at ambient  OL = essure;  pors, etc.)  to designate average letes, but not  E = ( cr, but not	Sludge or sl Aqueous liqu Organic liqu Immiscible l (specify pha 90% water, length of expo	urry id id iquid ses, e.g., 0% toluene) sure per day: 2 hours, but a ours	not

]			URETHANE RESIN PRODUCT			
	Work area		•••••	<u>4A. s</u>	Storage Raw M	aterial
	Labor Category	Number of Workers Exposed	Mode of Exposure (e.g., direct skin contact)	Physical State of Listed Substance <sup>1</sup>	Average Length of Exposure Per Day	Number of Days per Year Exposed
	A,B	6	Direct skin contact	<u>OL</u>	В	204
			Inhalation	<u>OL</u>	В	•
			-			
	<sup>1</sup> Use the fol	lowing codes	to designate the physic	cal state of	the listed su	bstance at
	tempe GU = Gas ( tempe	condensible a rature and pruncondensible rature and pruncendensible rature and prunces, va	essure) AL = at ambient OL = essure; IL =	Sludge or sl Aqueous liqu Organic liqu Immiscible l (specify pha 90% water, 1	id id iquid ses, e.g.,	
	<sup>2</sup> Use the fol:	lowing codes	to designate average le	ength of expo	sure per day:	
	exceeding C = Greater	tes or less than 15 minu ng 1 hour than one hou ng 2 hours	tes, but not E = ( r, but not	exceeding 4 h	4 hours, but i	

.]

rrocess type	: <u>U</u>	<u>RETHANE RESIN</u>	STORAGE			
Work area		• • • • • • • • • • • • •		4. St	orage Finis	hed Goods
Labor Category	Number of Workers Exposed	Mode of Exposu (e.g., dir skin conta	ect List	of ed	Average Length of Exposure Per Day <sup>2</sup>	Number o Days per Year Exposed
A,B	NA	NA				
			<del></del>			
<sup>1</sup> Use the fol the point o	lowing codes to f exposure:	designate th	e physical sta	te of t	he listed su	bstance at
•	condensible at rature and pres		SY = Sludge AL = Aqueou			
GU = Gas (	uncondensible a rature and pres	t ambient sure;	OL = Organic liquid IL = Immiscible liquid			
<pre>includes fumes, vapors, etc.) S0 = Solid</pre>					es, e.g., % toluene)	
<sup>2</sup> Use the fol	lowing codes to	designate av	erage length o	f expos	ıre per day:	
	tes or less than 15 minute ng 1 hour	s, but not	D = Greater exceedii E = Greater	ng 4 hoi	ırs	
EVCEENT	ing I mout	but not		ng 8 hou		iio t

]	Process type	· · · · · · · ·	<u>URETHANE RESIN P</u>	RODUCTION				
	Work area		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u>5.</u>	Filling			
	Labor Category	Number of Workers Exposed	Mode of Exposure (e.g., direc skin contact		Average Length of Exposure Per Day <sup>2</sup>	Number of Days per Year Exposed		
	A,B		NA			-		
					***************************************	***************************************		
					·			
	· .							
			Market Control					
	the point o	f exposure:	o designate the p			bstance at		
	tempe GU = Gas (	<pre>GC = Gas (condensible at ambient     temperature and pressure) GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient     temperature and pressure;</pre>		<pre>SY = Sludge or slurry AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid IL = Immiscible liquid</pre>				
	includes fumes, vapors, etc.) SO = Solid			(specify ph	ases, e.g., 10% toluene)			
	<sup>2</sup> Use the following codes to designate average length of exposure per day:							
		tes or less than 15 minute ng 1 hour	es, but not	D = Greater than exceeding 4 E = Greater than	hours			
		than one hour,	but not	exceeding 8		iiot		

	•	ETHANE RESIN PROD					
Work area	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u>6.</u>	Bulk Filling	1		
Labor <u>Category</u>	Number of Workers Exposed	Mode of Exposure (e.g., direct skin contact)		Average Length of Exposure Per Day <sup>2</sup>	Number o Days per Year Exposed		
A,B		NA NA					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					-		
				·			
					-		
and apply and a position of the same of th			-				
<sup>1</sup> Use the fo	ollowing codes to of exposure:	o designate the p	hysical state of	the listed su	bstance at		
temp GU = Gas	(condensible at perature and presonance) (uncondensible appearature and presonance)	ssure) at ambient	SY = Sludge or slurry AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid IL = Immiscible liquid				
	udes fumes, vapo		(specify pha 90% water,	ases, e.g.,			
<sup>2</sup> Use the fo	ollowing codes to	designate avera	ge length of expo	sure per day:			
A = 15 mir	utes or less er than 15 minute	es. but not	D = Greater than exceeding 4 h	nours			
B = Greate	ling 1 hour		E = Greater than				

CBI	Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type and work area.						
[_]	Process type	URETHANE RESIN PRODUCTION					
	Work area	<u>1.</u>	Reactor				
	Labor Category	8-hour TWA Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m <sup>3</sup> , other-specify)	15-Minute Peak Exposure Leve (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)				
	A	UK*	UK				
	B	UK*	UK				
	-						
	* 1989 Data		,				
	1.6 PPB Assume	1.6 PPB Assume area concentration for 188 minutes					
		8 hour exposure. Maximum expo					
	if person remai	ns in area 8 hours (which won't	t happen).				

CBI	Unighted Average (	egory represented in question 9.06, TWA) exposure levels and the 15-minstion and complete it separately for	INTE DESK EXDORNIE TEAGTE:				
_	Process type	URETHANE RESIN PRODUCTION					
[]		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2 Filter				
	Labor Category	8-hour TWA Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)	15-Minute Peak Exposure Leve (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)				
	Α	NA NA	NA				
	В	NA NA	NA				
			•				
			•				

] Process type	URETHANE RESIN PRODUCTION				
Work area 3. Charging					
Labor Category	8-hour TWA Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m <sup>3</sup> , other-specify)	15-Minute Peak Exposure Lev (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify			
Α	UK	UK			
B_	UK	UK			
<del></del>					
		•			

	Process type URETHANE RESIN PRODUCTION  Work area						
Labor Category	8-hour TWA Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)	15-Minute Peak Exposure Lev (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify					
A	UK	UK					
B	UK	UK					
	<del></del>						
<del></del>							

9.07 CBI	For each labor category represented in question 9.06, indicate the 8-hour Time Weighted Average (TWA) exposure levels and the 15-minute peak exposure levels. Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type and work area.						
<u> </u>	Process type	URETHANE RESIN PRODUCTION					
·,	Work area						
	Labor Category	8-hour TWA Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m <sup>3</sup> , other-specify)	15-Minute Peak Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)				
	Α	UK	UK				
	В	<u>UK</u>	UK				
	•						
			•				
		if you attach a continuation sheet.					

9.07 <u>CBI</u>	For each labor category represented in question 9.06, indicate the 8-hour Time Weighted Average (TWA) exposure levels and the 15-minute peak exposure levels. Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type and work area.				
[_]	Process type	URETHANE RESIN PRODUCTION			
	Work area	<u>5</u>	. Drum Filling		
	Labor Category	8-hour TWA Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m <sup>3</sup> , other-specify)	15-Minute Peak Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)		
	A	UK	UK		
	B	UK	UK		
			·		
			•		

::

or Category	8-hour TWA Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)  UK	15-Minute Peak Exposure Leve (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify) UK
		UK
3	UK	
		UK

If you monitor worker exposure to the listed substance, complete the following table								
Sample/Test	Work Area ID	Testing Frequency (per year)	Number of Samples (per test)	Who	Analyzed In-House (Y/N)	Number of Years Record Maintained		
Personal breathing zone								
General work area (air)	1	continuous			Y	)		
Wipe samples		·						
Adhesive patches								
Blood samples								
Urine samples			•					
Respiratory samples								
Allergy tests						-		
Other (specify)								
Other (specify)								
Other (specify)						***************************************		
 Use the following contact A = Plant industrial B = Insurance carriect C = OSHA consultant D = Other (specify)	l hygieni: er		takes the	monitorin	g samples:			

1	Sample Type	<u>s</u>	ampling and Analytic	al Methodolo	рду				
	General work area	Chemically i	mpregnated dry reac	tion substar	ice.				
	Sample gas reacts with chemicals on a chemcassette								
		and forms a	stain						
			<del></del>						
	If you conduct persons specify the following	al and/or ambient information for	air monitoring for each equipment type	the listed s	ubstance,				
	Equipment Type 1	Detection Limit <sup>2</sup>	Manufacturer	Averaging Time (hr)	Model Number				
	E	0.001A	MDA Scientific, In	c <u>. 24</u>	Series 7100				
					-				
					***************************************				
-	lise the following cod	les to designate	nersonal air monitor	 ing equipmen	t types:				
	<sup>1</sup> Use the following codes to designate personal air monitoring equipment types:  A = Passive dosimeter B = Detector tube C = Charcoal filtration tube with pump D = Other (specify)								
	Use the following codes to designate ambient air monitoring equipment types:								
	E = Stationary monitors located within work area F = Stationary monitors located within facility G = Stationary monitors located at plant boundary H = Mobile monitoring equipment (specify) I = Other (specify)								
	<sup>2</sup> Use the following codes to designate detection limit units:								
	A = ppm B = Fibers/cubic centimeter (f/cc) C = Micrograms/cubic meter (μ/m³)								

[]	Test D	escription		(weekly	Frequency, monthly, ye	arly, etc.)
	NONE				NONE	
			<del></del>			
			<del></del>			
			 ····			
	1		 			

.12 BI	Describe the engineering controls that you use to reduce or eliminate worker exposure to the listed substance. Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type and work area.								
— <sub>]</sub>	- UDETHAND DECIN DRODUCTION								
	Work area			. <u>1. Reactor</u>					
	Engineering Controls	Used (Y/N)	Year Installed	Upgraded (Y/N)	Year Upgraded				
	Ventilation:								
	Local exhaust	NA							
	General dilution	Υ							
	Other (specify)								
	Vessel emission controls	NA							
	Mechanical loading or packaging equipment	NA							
	Other (specify)								
				•					
	·								

9.12 CBI	Describe the engineering conto the listed substance. Plancess type and work area.	ntrols that you notocopy this o	use to reduce of question and comp	r eliminate wor lete it separat	ker exposure ely for each
	Process type	. URETHANE R	ESIN PRODUCTION		
	Work area			2 <u>.</u> Filter	
	Engineering Controls	Used (Y/N)	Year Installed	Upgraded (Y/N)	Year Upgraded
	Ventilation:				
	Local exhaust	NA	-		
	General dilution	NA			
	Other (specify)				
	Vessel emission controls	NA			
	Mechanical loading or packaging equipment	NA			
	Other (specify)				

9.12 CBI	Describe the engineering controls that you use to reduce or eliminate worker exposure to the listed substance. Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type and work area.							
i	Process type URETHANE RESIN PRODUCTION							
	Work area			3. Charging				
	Engineering Controls	Used (Y/N)	Year Installed	Upgraded (Y/N)	Year Upgraded			
	Ventilation:							
	Local exhaust	NA						
	General dilution	<u>NA</u>		- the second sec				
	Other (specify)							
	Vessel emission controls	NA						
	Mechanical loading or packaging equipment	<u>NA</u>						
	Other (specify)							
			-					
				•				

9.12	Describe the engineering controls that you use to reduce or eliminate worker exposure to the listed substance. Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type and work area.								
CBI									
	Process type URETHANE RESIN PRODUCTION								
	Work area 4. Storage Finished Good								
	Engineering Controls	Used (Y/N)	Year Installed	Upgraded (Y/N)	Year Upgraded				
	Ventilation:								
	Local exhaust	<u>NA</u>		-					
	General dilution	NA							
	Other (specify)								
	Vessel emission controls	NA							
	Mechanical loading or packaging equipment	NA							
	Other (specify)								
				•					

9.12 CBI	Describe the engineering con to the listed substance. Ph process type and work area.	trols that you	u use to reduce or question and comp	r eliminate wor lete it separat	ker exposure ely for each		
[ ]	Process type	URETHANE RESIN PRODUCTION					
`	Work area			4A. Storage	Raw Material		
	Engineering Controls	Used (Y/N)	Year Installed	Upgraded (Y/N)	Year Upgraded		
	Ventilation:						
	Local exhaust	NA	-				
	General dilution	<u> </u>					
•	Other (specify)						
	Vessel emission controls	NA					
	Mechanical loading or packaging equipment	NA		<u> </u>			
	Other (specify)						
	Bulk Tank Isolated	<u> </u>	UK	UK	UK		
				•			

Process type				ely for each
Process type	UDETHANE D	DECIN DRODUCTION	•	
Work area	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	5. Drum Fi	<u>lling</u>
Engineering Controls	Used (Y/N)	Year Installed	Upgraded (Y/N)	Year Upgraded
Ventilation:				
Local exhaust	<u>NA</u>			
General dilution	NA			
Other (specify)				
Vessel emission controls	NA			
Mechanical loading or packaging equipment	NA			
Other (specify)				
			•	
	Ventilation:  Local exhaust  General dilution  Other (specify)  Vessel emission controls  Mechanical loading or packaging equipment	Ventilation:  Local exhaust  General dilution  Other (specify)  Vessel emission controls  Ma  Mechanical loading or packaging equipment  NA	Ventilation:  Local exhaust  General dilution  Other (specify)  Vessel emission controls  Mechanical loading or packaging equipment  NA  NA  NA  NA	Ventilation:  Local exhaust NA  General dilution NA  Other (specify)  Vessel emission controls NA  Mechanical loading or packaging equipment NA

9.12	Describe the engineering conto the listed substance. Phyrocess type and work area.	ntrols that you	use to reduce o question and comp	r eliminate wor lete it separat	ker exposure ely for each			
CBI	process type and work area.							
[ <u>_</u> j	Process type	. URETHANE R	ESIN PRODUCTION					
	Work area 6. Bulk Filling							
	Engineering Controls	Used (Y/N)	Year Installed	Upgraded (Y/N)	Year Upgraded			
	Ventilation:							
	Local exhaust	<u>NA</u>						
	General dilution	NA						
	Other (specify)							
	Vessel emission controls	NA						
	Mechanical loading or packaging equipment	NA NA	<del></del>					
	Other (specify)							
				•				

Droces tupe	•	URFTHANE RE	ESIN PRODUCTI	ON		•
Process type	_				Reactor	
		Process Modi			Reduction in Exposure Per Y	
	none				NA	
-						
					•	
					_	
	•				•	

(

Work area			
Equipment	or Process Modification	Reduction in Work Exposure Per Year	
none		NA	
		•	
		:	
		•	
·			
		•	

	pe				<u> </u>
Work area	Equipment or			Reduct	ion in Worke e Per Year ()
·	none	110003			NA
	-				
				·	٠.
				•	
	·				

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] Proces	ss type	URETHANE RESI	N PRODUCTION		
				4. Storage	Finished Goo
		or Process Modifi		Reduction	on in Worker Per Year (%)
	none				NA .
		•			
				•	
				•	
	•				
					-

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YES BELLEVILLE

D Anna		URETHANE RES	IN PRODUCTI	(ON		
Process type	_				4A. Storage Raw	Materi
		Process Modif		-	Reduction in Exposure Per Y	Worker
	none				NA	
		,				
		•				
					•	
		٠.				

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	prior to the reporting the listed substance. the percentage reducti	or process modifications you have mean that have resulted in a reduct For each equipment or process modifion in exposure that resulted. Photofor each process type and work area	ion of worker exposure to ication described, state copy this question and
CBI	Process type	URETHANE RESIN PRODUCTION	
·,			5. Drum Filling
	Equipment o	Reduction in Worker Exposure Per Year (%)	
	none		<u>NA</u>
		•	
			•
			•
	·		
<u> </u>	Mark (X) this box if y	ou attach a continuation sheet.	

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 ork area			6. Bulk Fil	lina
uipment or Pro				n in Worke
 none			N.	
			•	
			· ·	-

PART	D PERSONAL PROTECTIVE AND SAFETY EQUIPMENT		
9.14 CBI	Describe the personal protective and safety in each work area in order to reduce or eli substance. Photocopy this question and com and work area.	minate their exposu	re to the listed
[_]	Process type URETHANE RESIN	PRODUCTION	
	Work area		1. Reactor
	Thereign and There are	Wear or Use	
	Equipment Types	<u>(Y/N)</u>	
	Respirators	N	
	Safety goggles/glasses	<u> </u>	
	Face shields	<u> </u>	
	Coveralls	N	
	Bib aprons	N	
	Chemical-resistant glo	ves Y	
	Other (specify)		
	Safety Shoes	Υ	
	Hard Hats	Y	•

[\_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

9.14	in each work area	onal protective and safety equi in order to reduce or eliminate copy this question and complete	te their expos	ure to the listed			
CBI	<u>1</u>						
[_]		URETHANE RESIN PRODU					
	Work area			2. Filter			
			Wear or Use				
		Equipment Types	<u>(Y/N)</u>				
		Respirators	<u> </u>				
		Safety goggles/glasses	<u> </u>				
		Face shields	<u> </u>				
		Coveralls	<u> </u>				
		Bib aprons	N				
		Chemical-resistant gloves	Υ				
		Other (specify)					
		Safety Shoes	<u> </u>				
		Hard Hats	Υ	•			

 $[\ \ \ ]$  Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

PART	D PERSONAL PROTECTIVE AND SAFETY EQUIPME	ENT	
9.14 CBI	Describe the personal protective and sain each work area in order to reduce or substance. Photocopy this question and and work area.	eliminate their exposur	re to the listed
[_]	Process type URETHANE RES	SIN PRODUCTION	***************************************
	Work area		3. Charging
	Equipment Types	Wear or Use (Y/N)	
	Respirators	N	
	Safety goggles/glas	sses <u>Y</u>	
	Face shields	N	
	Coveralls	N	
	Bib aprons	N	
	Chemical-resistant	gloves Y	
	Other (specify)		
	Safety Shoes	<u> </u>	
	Hand Hats	V	,

 $[\ \ ]$  Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

PART	D PERSONAL PROTECTI	IVE AND SAFETY EQUIPMENT		
9.14 CBI	in each work area i	nal protective and safety equi in order to reduce or eliminat opy this question and complete	e their expo	sure to the listed
[_]	Process type	URETHANE RESIN PRODU	JCTION	
	Work area			<u>4. Storage Finished G</u> oods
			Wear or	•
	•	Equipment Types	Use (Y/N)	
		Respirators	N	
		Safety goggles/glasses	Υ	
		Face shields	N	
		Coveralls	N	
		Bib aprons	N	
		Chemical-resistant gloves	Υ	
		Other (specify)		

[ ] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

Safety Shoes

<u>Hard Hats</u>

9.14	in each work are	sonal protective and safety equiva in order to reduce or eliminate ocopy this question and complete	e their expos	sure to the listed
CBI	and work area.			
[_]	Process type	URETHANE RESIN PRODU	CTION	
	Work area		• • • • • • • • • • • •	4A. Storage Raw Materi
		Equipment Types	Wear or Use (Y/N)	
		Respirators	N	
		Safety goggles/glasses	<u> </u>	
		Face shields	N	
		Coveralls	N	
		Bib aprons	N	
		Chemical-resistant gloves	<u> </u>	
		Other (specify)		
		Safety Shoes	Υ	
		Hard Hats	Υ	•

s

[\_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

9.14	in each work area i	al protective and safety equip n order to reduce or eliminate py this question and complete	e their exposu	re to the listed
CBI				
[_]	Process type	URETHANE RESIN PRODUCT	ION	
	Work area			• <u>5. Drum Filling</u>
			Wear or	
		Equipment Types	Use (Y/N)	
		Respirators	<u> </u>	
		Safety goggles/glasses	Υ	
		Face shields	N	
		Coveralls	N	
		Bib aprons	N	
		Chemical-resistant gloves	Υ	
		Other (specify)		
		Safety Shoes	Y	
		Hard Hats	Υ	•

[_]	Mark (	(X)	this	box	if	you	attach	а	continuation	sheet.	

PART	D PERSONAL PROTECTIV	VE AND SAFETY EQUIPMENT		
9.14 CBI	in each work area in	al protective and safety equing order to reduce or eliminate by this question and complete	e their exposur	e to the listed
<u>_</u> j	Process type	<u>URETHANE RESIN PRODU</u>	CTION	
	Work area			6. Bulk Filling
			Wear or Use	
		Equipment Types	(Y/N)	
		Respirators	N	
		Safety goggles/glasses	<u> </u>	
		Face shields	N	
		Coveralls	N	
		Bib aprons	<u> </u>	
		Chemical-resistant gloves	<u> </u>	
		Other (specify)		
		Safety Shoes	Υ	
		Hard Hats	<u> </u>	•

[ ] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

<u> </u>	Process	type URETHAN	NE RESIN PRO	DUCTION		
_	Work Area	Respirator Type		Fit Tested (Y/N)	Type of Fit Test <sup>2</sup>	Frequency o Fit Tests (per year)
_	11	NA				
	2	Disposable neg. press Particulate	<u> </u>	<u>N</u> .	NA	NA
_	3	NA				
	4	NA				
	A = Dai B = Wee C = Mon D = Onc E = Oth	kly thly e a year er (specify)			t:	
2	A = Dai B = Wee C = Mon D = Onc E = Oth Use the	ly kly thly e a year			t:	
2	A = Dai B = Wee C = Mon D = Onc E = Oth Use the	ly kly thly e a year er (specify) following codes to designa alitative			t:	
2	A = Dai B = Wee C = Mon D = Onc E = Oth Use the QL = Qua	ly kly thly e a year er (specify) following codes to designa alitative antitative			t:	NA
2	A = Dai B = Wee C = Mon D = Onc E = Oth Use the QL = Qua QT = Qua	ly kly thly e a year er (specify)  following codes to designa alitative antitative  NA  Disposalbe neg. press	te the type	of fit tes	,	NA
2	A = Dai B = Wee C = Mon D = Onc E = Oth Use the QL = Quar QT = Quar 4A.	ly kly thly e a year er (specify)  following codes to designa alitative antitative  NA  Disposalbe neg. press Particulate	te the type	of fit tes	,	NA

eliminate worker exposure authorized workers, mark a monitoring practices, program question and complete it	to the listed su areas with warnir vide worker trair	ibstance (e.g. ng signs, insu ning programs,	, restrict en ire worker det etc.). Phot	ntrance only to tection and tocopy this
	THANE RESIN PROD	UCTION		
Work area	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1. Reacto	r
1. Limited access sign	S			
2. Placarding				
3. Air monitoring				
			· · ·	
20 Indicate (X) how often you leaks or spills of the list separately for each process	sted substance.	Photocopy thi		
leaks or spills of the lisseparately for each process Process type URE	sted substance. ss type and work  THANE RESIN PROD  Less Than	Photocopy this area.  UCTION  1-2 Times	s question an	d complete it  More Than 4
leaks or spills of the lisseparately for each process Process type URE  Work area	sted substance. ss type and work  THANE RESIN PROD  Less Than Once Per Day	Photocopy this area.	s question an	d complete it
leaks or spills of the lisseparately for each process  Process type URE  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping	ted substance.  ss type and work  THANE RESIN PROD  Less Than Once Per Day	Photocopy this area.  UCTION  1-2 Times	s question an	d complete it  More Than 4
leaks or spills of the lisseparately for each process Process type URE Work area  Housekeeping Tasks Sweeping Vacuuming	ted substance.  Stype and work  THANE RESIN PROD  Less Than Once Per Day  Y  N	Photocopy this area.  UCTION  1-2 Times	s question an	d complete it  More Than 4
leaks or spills of the lisseparately for each process  Process type URE  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	ted substance.  ss type and work  THANE RESIN PROD  Less Than Once Per Day	Photocopy this area.  UCTION  1-2 Times	s question an	d complete it  More Than 4
leaks or spills of the lisseparately for each process Process type URE Work area  Housekeeping Tasks Sweeping Vacuuming	ted substance.  Stype and work  THANE RESIN PROD  Less Than Once Per Day  Y  N	Photocopy this area.  UCTION  1-2 Times	s question an	d complete it  More Than 4
leaks or spills of the lisseparately for each process  Process type URE  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	ted substance.  Stype and work  THANE RESIN PROD  Less Than Once Per Day  Y  N	Photocopy this area.  UCTION  1-2 Times	s question an	d complete it  More Than 4
leaks or spills of the lisseparately for each process  Process type URE  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	ted substance.  Stype and work  THANE RESIN PROD  Less Than Once Per Day  Y  N	Photocopy this area.  UCTION  1-2 Times	s question an	d complete it  More Than 4
leaks or spills of the lisseparately for each process  Process type URE  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	ted substance.  Stype and work  THANE RESIN PROD  Less Than Once Per Day  Y  N	Photocopy this area.  UCTION  1-2 Times	s question an	d complete it  More Than 4

PART	E WORK PRACTICES				
9.19 CBI	Describe all of the work peliminate worker exposure authorized workers, mark a monitoring practices, provuestion and complete it s	to the listed su creas with warning dide worker train	bstance (e.g. g signs, insu ing programs,	, restrict en ire worker det etc.). Phot	ntrance only to tection and tocopy this
<u>_</u> ]	Process type URE	THANE RESIN PROD	UCTION		
	Work area		• • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u>2. Filter</u>	
	1. Limited access signs	S			
	2. Placarding	,			
	3. Air monitoring			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
. 20	Indicate (X) how often you leaks or spills of the lis separately for each process  Process type URE	ted substance. s type and work	Photocopy thi area.		
. 20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each proces	sted substance. s type and work	Photocopy thi area. UCTION		
.20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each process  Process type URE	sted substance. s type and work	Photocopy thi area.  UCTION  1-2 Times	s question ar	More Than 4
. 20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each process  Process type URET  Work area	ted substance. ss type and work THANE RESIN PROD	Photocopy thi area.  UCTION  1-2 Times	s question ar	More Than 4
. 20	leaks or spills of the lisseparately for each process  Process type URET  Work area	ted substance. s type and work THANE RESIN PROD  Less Than Once Per Day	Photocopy thi area.  UCTION  1-2 Times	s question ar	More Than 4
.20	leaks or spills of the lisseparately for each process  Process type URET  Work area	Less Than Once Per Day	Photocopy thi area.  UCTION  1-2 Times	s question ar	More Than 4
.20	leaks or spills of the lisseparately for each process  Process type URET  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming	Less Than Once Per Day Y	Photocopy thi area.  UCTION  1-2 Times	s question ar	More Than 4
.20	leaks or spills of the lisseparately for each process  Process type URET  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day Y	Photocopy thi area.  UCTION  1-2 Times	s question ar	More Than 4
.20	leaks or spills of the lisseparately for each process  Process type URET  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day Y	Photocopy thi area.  UCTION  1-2 Times	s question ar	nd complete it
.20	leaks or spills of the lisseparately for each process  Process type URET  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day Y	Photocopy thi area.  UCTION  1-2 Times	s question ar	More Than 4

	E WORK PRACTICES				
9.19 CBI	Describe all of the work peliminate worker exposure authorized workers, mark a monitoring practices, provuestion and complete it s	to the listed sureas with warning ide worker traing eparately for ea	nbstance (e.g. ng signs, inst ning programs, nch process ty	, restrict en are worker det etc.). Phot	ntrance only to tection and tocopy this
_	Process type URI				
	Work area	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••••	<u>3. Charg</u> i	ing
	1. Limited Access signs	S			
	2. Placarding				
	•	s type and work			
	Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks	Less Than		3-4 Times	More Than 4 Times Per Day
	Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks			3-4 Times	
	Process type  Work area	Less Than Once Per Day		3-4 Times	
	Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping	Less Than Once Per Day NA		3-4 Times	
	Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming	Less Than Once Per Day NA		3-4 Times	
	Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day NA		3-4 Times	
	Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day NA		3-4 Times	More Than 4 Times Per Day
	Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day NA		3-4 Times	
	Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day NA		3-4 Times	
	Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day NA		3-4 Times	

	E WORK PRACTICES				
9.19 <a href="#">CBI</a> <a href="#">[]]</a>	Describe all of the work peliminate worker exposure authorized workers, mark a monitoring practices, provuestion and complete it s	to the listed su creas with warnin vide worker train	bstance (e.g. g signs, insuring programs,	., restrict en are worker det . etc.). Phot	ntrance only to tection and tocopy this
·,	Process type URI	THANE RESIN PRO	DUCTION		
	Work area	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		<u>4. Storac</u>	ge finished goods
	1. Limited Access signs	5			
	2. Placarding				
	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each process  Process type  Work area	s type and work	area.		
			·		More Than 4
	Housekeeping Tasks	Once Per Day	Per Day		More Than 4 Times Per Day
	Sweeping	Once Per Day  NA	·		
	Sweeping	Once Per Day  NA  NA	·		
	Sweeping	Once Per Day  NA	·		
	Sweeping Vacuuming Water flushing of floors	Once Per Day  NA  NA	·		
	Sweeping Vacuuming Water flushing of floors	Once Per Day  NA  NA	·		
	Sweeping Vacuuming Water flushing of floors	Once Per Day  NA  NA	·		
	Sweeping Vacuuming Water flushing of floors	Once Per Day  NA  NA	·		

0 10	Describe all of the work -		duistustius s	ontrole wood	to roduce or
9.19 <u>CBI</u>	Describe all of the work peliminate worker exposure authorized workers, mark a monitoring practices, provuestion and complete it s	to the listed su reas with warning ide worker train	ubstance (e.g. ng signs, insu ning programs,	, restrict en are worker det etc.). Phot	ntrance only to tection and tocopy this
[_]	Process type URET	THANE RESIN PROD	UCTION		
	Work area			4A. Stora	ge Raw Materials
	1. Limited access signs	3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	2. Placarding		***		
	3. Air monitoring				
	stinding the second		•		
	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each proces	s type and work	area.	s question an	
	Process type URET  Work area	s type and work  THANE RESIN PROD  Less Than	UCTION  1-2 Times	3-4 Times	More Than 4
	Process type URET Work area	s type and work  THANE RESIN PROD  Less Than Once Per Day	UCTION		
	Process type URET  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping	E type and work  THANE RESIN PROD  Less Than Once Per Day  Y	UCTION  1-2 Times	3-4 Times	More Than 4
	Process type URET  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming	s type and work  THANE RESIN PROD  Less Than Once Per Day	UCTION  1-2 Times	3-4 Times	More Than 4
	Process type URET  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping	S type and work  THANE RESIN PROD  Less Than Once Per Day Y	UCTION  1-2 Times	3-4 Times	More Than 4
	Process type URET  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	S type and work  THANE RESIN PROD  Less Than Once Per Day Y	UCTION  1-2 Times	3-4 Times	More Than 4
	Process type URET  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	s type and work  THANE RESIN PROD  Less Than Once Per Day  Y	UCTION  1-2 Times	3-4 Times	More Than 4
	Process type URET  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	s type and work  THANE RESIN PROD  Less Than Once Per Day  Y	UCTION  1-2 Times	3-4 Times	More Than 4
	Process type URET  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	s type and work  THANE RESIN PROD  Less Than Once Per Day  Y	UCTION  1-2 Times	3-4 Times	More Than 4
	Process type URET  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	s type and work  THANE RESIN PROD  Less Than Once Per Day  Y	UCTION  1-2 Times	3-4 Times	More Than 4

					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
.19 BI	Describe all of the work peliminate worker exposure authorized workers, mark a monitoring practices, provuestion and complete it s	to the listed su reas with warning ide worker train	bstance (e.g. g signs, insu ing programs,	, restrict en are worker det etc.). Phot	trance only to ection and cocopy this
_	question and complete it s	reparately for ea	en process cy	pt die som d	
_]	Process type URI	THANE RESIN PRO	DUCTION		
	Work area	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u>5. Fillin</u>	р
	1. Limited Access signs	5			
	2. Placarding				
		·			
.20	leaks or spills of the lis	ted substance.	Photocopy thi	sk used to cl s question an	dean up routine de complete it
. 20	Indicate (X) how often you leaks or spills of the lis separately for each proces  Process type  Work area	ted substance. s type and work	Photocopy thi area.  1-2 Times	s question an	More Than 4
. 20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each proces  Process type  Work area	ted substance. s type and work  Less Than	Photocopy thi area.  1-2 Times	s question an	More Than 4
. 20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each proces  Process type  Work area	Less Than Once Per Day	Photocopy thi area.  1-2 Times	s question an	More Than 4
.20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each proces  Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping	Less Than Once Per Day	Photocopy thi area.  1-2 Times	s question an	More Than 4
.20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each proces  Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming	Less Than Once Per Day  NA	Photocopy thi area.  1-2 Times	s question an	More Than 4
.20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each proces  Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day  NA	Photocopy thi area.  1-2 Times	s question an	More Than 4
.20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each proces  Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day  NA	Photocopy thi area.  1-2 Times	s question an	More Than 4
.20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each proces  Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day  NA	Photocopy thi area.  1-2 Times	s question an	More Than 4
.20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each proces  Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day  NA	Photocopy thi area.  1-2 Times	s question an	More Than 4
.20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each proces  Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day  NA	Photocopy thi area.  1-2 Times	s question an	More Than 4

PARI	E WORK PRACTICES				
9.19 CBI	Describe all of the work peliminate worker exposure authorized workers, mark a monitoring practices, prov question and complete it s	to the listed sureas with warning ide worker traing separately for ea	ebstance (e.g. ng signs, insu- ng programs, nch process ty	, restrict en are worker det etc.). Phot	ntrance only to tection and tocopy this
	Process type URE			C D. 11. F	
	Work area		• • • • • • • • • • •	b. Bulk h	illing
	1. Limited Access signs	S			
	2. Placarding				
					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
.20	Indicate (X) how often you leaks or spills of the lis separately for each proces	ted substance. s type and work	Photocopy thi area.	s question an	
0.20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each proces  Process type  Work area	ted substance. s type and work  Less Than	Photocopy this area.  1-2 Times	s question and	More Than 4
9.20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each process Process type  Work area	Less Than Once Per Day	Photocopy this area.  1-2 Times	s question an	nd complete it
2.20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each proces  Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping	Less Than Once Per Day	Photocopy this area.  1-2 Times	s question and	More Than 4
2.20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each proces  Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming	Less Than Once Per Day  NA	Photocopy this area.  1-2 Times	s question and	More Than 4
2.20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each proces  Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day	Photocopy this area.  1-2 Times	s question and	More Than 4
.20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each proces  Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming	Less Than Once Per Day  NA	Photocopy this area.  1-2 Times	s question and	More Than 4
.20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each proces  Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day  NA	Photocopy this area.  1-2 Times	s question and	More Than 4
9.20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each proces  Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day  NA	Photocopy this area.  1-2 Times	s question and	More Than 4
9.20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each proces  Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day  NA	Photocopy this area.  1-2 Times	s question and	More Than 4
9.20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each proces  Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day  NA	Photocopy this area.  1-2 Times	s question and	More Than 4

9.21	Do you have a written medical action plan for responding to routine or emergency exposure to the listed substance?
	Routine exposure
	Yes
	No 2
	Emergency exposure
	Yes 1
	No
	If yes, where are copies of the plan maintained?
	Routine exposure:
	Emergency exposure:
9.22	Do you have a written leak and spill cleanup plan that addresses the listed substance? Circle the appropriate response.
	Yes 1
	No 2
	If yes, where are copies of the plan maintained?
	Has this plan been coordinated with state or local government response organizations? Circle the appropriate response.
	Yes 1
	No 2
9.23	Who is responsible for monitoring worker safety at your facility? Circle the appropriate response.
	Plant safety specialist
	Insurance carrier
	OSHA consultant 3
	Other (specify) 4
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

## SECTION 10 ENVIRONMENTAL RELEASE

## General Instructions:

Complete Part E (questions 10.23-10.35) for each non-routine release involving the listed substance that occurred during the reporting year. Report on all releases that are equal to or greater than the listed substance's reportable quantity value, RQ, unless the release is federally permitted as defined in 42 U.S.C. 9601, or is specifically excluded under the definition of release as defined in 40 CFR 302.3(22). Reportable quantities are codified in 40 CFR Part 302. If the listed substance is not a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) and, thus, does not have an RQ, then report releases that exceed 2,270 kg. If such a substance however, is designated as a CERCLA hazardous substance, then report those releases that are equal to or greater than the RQ. The facility may have answered these questions or similar questions under the Agency's Accidental Release Information Program and may already have this information readily available. Assign a number to each release and use this number throughout this part to identify the release. Releases over more than a 24-hour period are not single releases, i.e., the release of a chemical substance equal to or greater than an RQ must be reported as a separate release for each 24-hour period the release exceeds the RQ.

For questions 10.25-10.35, answer the questions for each release identified in question 10.23. Photocopy these questions and complete them separately for each release.

10.01	Where is your facility located? Circ	le all appropriate responses.
<u>CBI</u>		, received the contract of the
[_]	Industrial area	G
	Urban area	
	Residential area	
	Agricultural area	
	Rural area	5
	Adjacent to a park or a recreational	area 6
	Within 1 mile of a navigable waterway	
	Within 1 mile of a school, university	, hospital, or nursing home facility 8
	Within 1 mile of a non-navigable wate	rw <b>a</b> y 9
	Other (specify)	10

mgitude	UK, Northi	89 ° 05  ng UK , Eas  ty of your facil	' 43 "
M coordinates Zone you monitor meteorological core following information. erage annual precipitation	e <u>UK</u> , Northi	ng UK , Eas	sting <u>UK</u> lity, provide
you monitor meteorological core following information.	nditions in the vicini	ty of your facil	lity, provide
e following information. erage annual precipitation		a.). A.	
		NA	inches/year
edominant wind direction	······································		
dicate the depth to groundwater	below your facility.		
pth to groundwater		μA	meters
r each on-site activity listed, sted substance to the environme N, and NA.)	indicate (Y/N/NA) al ent. (Refer to the in	l routine releas	ses of the a definition of
-Site Activity			se Land
		NA '	NA
porting	NA	NA	NA
ocessing	Υ	N	N
herwise used	NA	NA	NA
oduct or residual storage	Y	N	N
	Y NA	N NA	N NA
- I	e each on-site activity listed, sted substance to the environment N, and NA.)  -Site Activity  nufacturing  porting  pocessing	Envious to the environment. (Refer to the in N, and NA.)  Envious Air  Outling  Outling  Outling  Outling  Outling  Outling  V	each on-site activity listed, indicate (Y/N/NA) all routine release sted substance to the environment. (Refer to the instructions for a N, and NA.)  Environmental Release Air Water  nufacturing NA NA  poorting NA NA  NA NA

10.06	Provide the following information for the listed of precision for each item. (Refer to the instruan example.)	substance and specifuctions for further e	y the level explanation and	Ì
<u>CBI</u>				
[_]	Quantity discharged to the air	566	kg/yr <u>+</u> 10	2
	Quantity discharged in wastewaters	N	_ kg/yr ±	2
	Quantity managed as other waste in on-site treatment, storage, or disposal units	N	kg/yr ±	2
	Quantity managed as other waste in off-site treatment, storage, or disposal units	N	_ kg/yr <u>+</u>	,

[ ] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

.0.08 .BI	for each process strea process block or resid	echnologies used to minimize release of m containing the listed substance as ide ual treatment block flow diagram(s). Phately for each process type.	ntified in your
[_]	Process type		
	Stream ID Code	Control Technology	Percent Efficienc
	7B	Conservation vent on Storage Tank	33%
			•

10.09 <u>CBI</u> []	substance in residual tre	n terms of a seatment block not include s g., equipment	- Identify each emission point source containing the listed Stream ID Code as identified in your process block or flow diagram(s), and provide a description of each point raw material and product storage vents, or fugitive emission leaks). Photocopy this question and complete it separately
	Process type	· · · · · ·	URETHANE
	Point Source ID Code		Description of Emission Point Source
			NONE
			•

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Point Source ID Code	Physical State	Average Emissions (kg/day)	Frequency <sup>2</sup> (days/yr)	Duration <sup>3</sup> (min/day)	Average Emission Factor <sup>4</sup>	Maximum Emission Rate (kg/min)	Maximum Emission Rate Frequency (events/yr)	Maximum Emission Rate Duration (min/ever
<u>NA</u>			-					
	***				All	-		
						<u> </u>		
					-			
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
-				-	1994	~*************************************		
 	<b></b> -				~			
<sup>1</sup> Use th G = Ga	e followi s; V = Vap	ng codes to des por; P = Partic	ignate physica ulate; A = Aer	al state at throsol; 0 = 0th	e point of reer (specify)	elease:		
<sup>2</sup> Freque	ncy of em	ission at any l	evel of emissi	lon				
<sup>3</sup> Durati	on of emis	ssion at any le	vel of emissio	n a				

Point Source ID Code	Stack Height(m)	Stack Inner Diameter (at outlet) (m)	Exhaust Temperature (°C)	Emission Exit Velocity (m/sec)	Building Height(m)	Building Width(m)	Ve T					
NA												
-												
1 Height	<sup>1</sup> Height of attached or adjacent building											
<sup>2</sup> Width o	f attached	or adjacent	building		•							
<sup>3</sup> Use the	following	codes to des	ignate vent	type:								

[_]	Mark (X)	this	box	if you	ı attach	а	continuation	sheet.		
r,	Hark (A)	CIIIS	DUA	11 )0.		_		_		

.12 <u>I</u>	distribution for each Point Source	in particulate form, indicate the particle size ID Code identified in question 10.09. se it separately for each emission point source.
]	Point source ID code	<u>NA</u>
	Size Range (microns)	Mass Fraction (% ± % precision)
	< 1	NA NA
	≥ 1 to < 10	NA
	≥ 10 to < 30	NA
	≥ 30 to < 50	NA
	≥ 50 to < 100	NA
	≥ 100 to < 500	NA
	≥ 500	NA
		Total = 100%

10.13	Equipment Leaks Complete the following table by providing the number of equipment types listed which are exposed to the listed substance and which are in service according to the specified weight percent of the listed substance passing through the component. Do this for each process type identified in your process block or residual treatment block flow diagram(s). Do not include equipment types that are not exposed to the listed substance. If this is a batch or intermittently operated process, give an overall percentage of time per year that the process type is exposed to the listed substance. Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type.							
[_]	Process type  Percentage of time per year that the listed substance is exposed to this process type							
			Less	OI LISTE	d Substan	ce in Pro	cess Stre	am Greater
	Equipment Type		<u>5-10%</u>	11-25%	26-75%	76-99%	than 99%	
	Pump seals <sup>1</sup>							
	Packed							
	Mechanical							
	Double mechanical <sup>2</sup>	-					X	
	Compressor seals <sup>1</sup>	<del></del>						
	Flanges					<del></del>	Χ	
	Valves							
	Gas <sup>3</sup>							
	Liquid	-					Х	
	Pressure relief devices <sup>4</sup> (Gas or vapor only)				•			
	Sample connections							
	Gas							
	Liquid							
	Open-ended lines <sup>5</sup> (e.g., purge, vent)							
	Gas							
	Liquid						X	
	<sup>1</sup> List the number of pump an compressors	d compressor	seals,	rather tha	in the num	ber of pu	imps or	
10.13	continued on next page							

10.13	(continued)								
	<sup>2</sup> If double mechanical seals are operated with the barrier (B) fluid at a pressure greater than the pump stuffing box pressure and/or equipped with a sensor (S) that will detect failure of the seal system, the barrier fluid system, or both, indicate with a "B" and/or an "S", respectively								
	<sup>3</sup> Conditions existing in the valve during normal operation								
	<sup>4</sup> Report all pressure relief devices in service, including those equipped with control devices								
	<sup>5</sup> Lines closed during normal operation that would be used during maintenance operations								
10.14 CBI	Pressure Relief Devices with Controls Complete the following table for those pressure relief devices identified in 10.13 to indicate which pressure relief devices in service are controlled. If a pressure relief device is not controlled, enter "None" under column c.								
[J	<b>a.</b>	b.	c.	d.					
	Number of Pressure Relief Devices	Percent Chemical in Vessel <sup>1</sup>	Control Device	Estimated Control Efficiency <sup>2</sup>					
	NA			NA					
				•					
				-					
	Refer to the table in question 10.13 and record the percent range given under the heading entitled "Number of Components in Service by Weight Percent of Listed Substance" (e.g., <5%, 5-10%, 11-25%, etc.)								
	The EPA assigns a control efficiency of 100 percent for equipment leaks controlled with rupture discs under normal operating conditions. The EPA assigns a control efficiency of 98 percent for emissions routed to a flare under normal operating conditions								
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you at	tach a continuation	sheet.						

10.15	Equipment Leak Detec place, complete the procedures. Photocotype.	following table re	garding thos	se leak det	ection and r	epair
CBI						
[_]	Process typeNA	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		-		
	Equipment Type	Leak Detection Concentration (ppm or mg/m³) Measured at Inches from Source	Detection Device	of Leak Detection	Repairs Initiated (days after detection)	Repairs Completed (days after initiated)
	Pump seals					
	Packed					
	Mechanical					
	Double mechanical					
	Compressor seals					
	Flanges					
	Valves					
	Gas					
	Liquid					
	Pressure relief devices (gas or vapor only)					
	Sample connections					<u> </u>
	Gas					
	Liquid					
	Open-ended lines					
	Gas					
	Liquid -					
	<sup>1</sup> Use the following co POVA = Portable orga FPM = Fixed point mo O = Other (specify)	nnic vapor analyzer onitoring				

	list all r	eleases.	were more (mar		attach a continua		
	Release		ate arted	Time (am/pm)	Date Stopped	Time (am/pm)	
	1	N	ONE				
	2						
	3					<del></del>	
	4	<del></del>					
	5						
	6						
10.24	Specify the weather conditions at the time of each release.						
	Release	Wind Speed (km/hr)	Wind Direction	Humidity(%)	Temperature (°C)	Precipitation (Y/N)	
	1	NA					
	2						
	2				•		
	2 3						
	2 3 4						
	2 3 4 5						
	2 3 4 5						
	2 3 4 5					-	
	2 3 4 5						

#### APPENDIX I: List of Continuation Sheets

- 7

Attach continuation sheets for sections of this form and optional information after this page. In column 1, clearly identify the continuation sheet by listing the question number to which it relates. In column 2, enter the inclusive page numbers of the continuation sheet for each question number.

Question Number (1)	Continuation Sheet Page Numbers (2)
4.02	pp 1 to 8
4.02	_pp 1 to 5
4.02	pp 1 to 2
	* ***
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	40-14-15-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-
	<u> </u>
	<u> </u>

## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

DIVISION ADDRESS

Mobay Corporation A Bayer usa inc. COMPANY



MOBAY CORPORATION Polyurethane Division Mobay Road Pittsburgh, PA 15205-9741

ISSUE DATE SUPERSEDES 1/2/89 1/12/87

MOBAY NON-TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY NO.: (412) 923-1800

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME..... Mondur TD PRODUCT CODE NUMBER....: E-001

TELEPHONE NO: 800-424-9300; DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: 202-483-7616

CHEMICAL FAMILY....: Aromatic Isocyanate

CHEMICAL NAME...... Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI)

Benzene, 1, 3-Diisocyanato Methyl-SYNONYMS....:

CAS NUMBER..... 26471-62-5

T.S.C.A. STATUS....: This product is listed on the TSCA Inventory.

OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION

TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY: CALL CHEMTREC

STATUS....: This product is hazardous under the criteria of

the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

CHEMICAL FORMULA....:

II. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

**COMPONENTS:** %: OSHA-PEL ACGIH-TLV 2,4-Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI) 65 0.02 ppm 0.005 ppm TWA CAS# 584-84-9 Ceiling 0.02 ppm STEL 2,6-Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI) 35 Not Established Not Established

CAS# 91-08-7

III. PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE....: Liquid

COLOR....: Water White to Pale Yellow

Sharp, Pungent ODOR....:

ODOR THRESHOLD....: Greater than TLV of 0.005 ppm

MOLECULAR WEIGHT.... 174

MELT POINT/FREEZE POINT...: Approx. 55°F (13°C) for TDI
BOILING POINT...... Approx. 484°F (251°C) for TDI
VAPOR PRESSURE...... Approx. 0.025 mm Hg @ 77°F (25°C) for TDI

**VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1)....:** 6.0 for TDI Not Applicable 1.22 @ 77 F (25 °C) pH....: SPECIFIC GRAVITY....:

10.18 lbs/gal BULK DENSITY....:

SOLUBILITY IN WATER....: Not Soluble. Reacts slowly with water at normal

room temperature to liberate CO2 gas. % VOLATILE BY VOLUME.....: Negligible

> Product Code: E-001 Page 1 of 8

#### IV. FIRE & EXPLOSION DATA

FLASH POINT OF (OC) 260°F (127°C) Pensky Martens Closed Cup
FLAMMABLE LIMITS - Lel 0.9% for TDI
Uel 9.5% for TDI
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Dry chemical (e.g. monoammonium phosphate,
potassium sulfate, and potassium chloride), carbon dioxide, high expansion
(proteinic) chemical foam, water spray for large fires. <u>Caution</u> : Reaction
between water or foam and hot TDI can be vigorous.
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES/UNUSUAL FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARDS:
Full emergency equipment with self-contained breathing apparatus and full
protective clothing (such as rubber gloves, boots, bands around legs, arms and
waist) should be worn by fire fighters. No skin surface should be exposed.
During a fire, TDI vapors and other irritating, highly toxic gases may
generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. (See Section VIII). At
generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. (See Section VIII). At temperatures greater than 350°F (177°C) TDI forms carbodiimides with the
release of CO, which can cause pressure build-up in closed containers.
Explosive rupture is possible. Therefore, use cold water to cool fire-exposed
containers.

#### V. HUMAN HEALTH DATA

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY.....: Inhalation. Skin contact from liquid, vapors or aerosols.

# EFFECTS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE INHALATION

Acute Exposure. TDI vapors or mist at concentrations above the TLV can irritate (burning sensation) the mucous membranes in the respiratory tract (nose, throat, lungs) causing runny nose, sore throat, coughing, chest discomfort, shortness of breath and reduced lung function (breathing obstruction). Persons with a preexisting, nonspecific bronchial hyperreactivity can respond to concentrations below the TLV with similar symptoms as well as asthma attack. Exposure well above the TLV may lead to bronchitis, bronchial spasm and pulmonary edema (fluid in lungs). These effects are usually reversible. Chemical or hypersensitive pneumonitis, with flu-like symptoms (e.g., fever, chills), has also been reported. These symptoms can be delayed up to several hours after exposure.

Chronic Exposure. As a result of previous repeated overexposures or a single large dose, certain individuals may develop isocyanate sensitization (chemical asthma) which will cause them to react to a later exposure to isocyanate at levels well below the TLV. These symptoms, which can include chest tightness, wheezing, cough, shortness of breath or asthmatic attack, could be immediate or delayed up to several hours after exposure. Similar to many non-specific asthmatic responses, there are reports that once sensitized an individual can experience these symptoms upon exposure to dust, cold air or other irritants. This increased lung sensitivity can persist for weeks and in severe cases for several years. Chronic overexposure to isocyanate has also been reported to cause lung damage (including decrease in lung function) which may be permanent. Sensitization can either be temporary or permanent.

Product Code: E-001
Page 2 of 8

### V. HUMAN HEALTH DATA - Continued

SKIN CONTACT

Acute Exposure. Isocyanates react with skin protein and moisture and can

cause irritation which may include the following symptoms: reddening, swelling, rash, scaling or blistering. Cured material is difficult to remove.

Chronic Exposure. Prolonged contact can cause reddening, swelling, rash, scaling, blistering, and, in some cases, skin sensitization. Individuals who have developed a skin sensitization can develop these symptoms as a result of contact with very small amounts of liquid material or as a result of exposure to vapor.

EYE CONTACT

Acute Exposure. Liquid, aerosols or vapors are severely irritating and can cause pain, tearing, reddening and swelling. If left untreated, corneal damage can occur and injury is slow to heal. However, damage is usually reversible. See Section VI for treatment.

Chronic Exposure. Prolonged vapor contact may cause conjunctivitis.

Acute Exposure. Can result in irritation and corrosive action in the mouth, stomach tissue and digestive tract. Symptoms can include sore throat, abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Chronic Exposure. None found.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS

AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE..: Asthma, other respiratory disorders (bronchitis, emphysema, bronchial hyperreactivity), skin allergies, eczema.

CARCINOGENICITY...... No carcinogenic activity was observed in lifetime inhalation studies in rats and mice (International Isocyanate Institute).

NTP..... The National Toxicology Program reported that TDI caused an increase in the number of tumors in exposed rats over those counted in non-exposed rats. The TDI was administered in corn-oil and introduced into the stomach through a tube. Based on this study, the NTP has listed TDI as a substance that may reasonably be anticipated to be a carcinogen in its Fourth Annual Report on Carcinogens.

IARC..... IARC has announced that it will list TDI as a substance for which there is sufficient evidence for its carcinogenicity in experimental animals but inadequate evidence for the carcinogenicity of TDI to

humans (IARC Monograph 39).

OSHA..... Not listed.

**EXPOSURE LIMITS** 

OSHA PEL...... 0.02 ppm Ceiling ACGIH TLV...... 0.005 ppm TWA/0.02 ppm STEL

Product Code: E-001 Page 3 of 8

#### VI. EMERGENCY & FIRST AID PROCEDURES

EYE CONTACT...... Flush with copious amounts of water, preferably lukewarm for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open all the time. Refer individual to physician or an ophthalmologist for immediate follow-up. SKIN CONTACT..... Remove contaminated clothing immediately. affected areas thoroughly with soap and water for at least 15 minutes. Tincture of green soap and water is also effective in removing isocyanates. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly before reuse. For severe exposures, get under safety shower after removing clothing, then get medical attention. For lesser exposures, seek medical attention if irritation develops or persists after the area is washed. INHALATION...... Move to an area free from risk of further exposure. Administer oxygen or artificial respiration as needed. Obtain medical attention. Asthmatic-type symptoms may develop and may be immediate or delayed up to several hours. Consult physician. INGESTION..... Do not induce vomiting. Give 1 to 2 cups of milk or water to drink. DO NOT GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON. Consult physician. NOTE TO PHYSICIAN...... Eyes. Stain for evidence of corneal injury. If cornea is burned, instill antibiotic steroid preparation frequently. Workplace vapors have produced reversible corneal epithelial edema impairing Skin. This compound is a known skin sensitizer. Treat symptomatically as for contact dermatitis or thermal burns. **Ingestion**. Treat symptomatically. There is no specific antidote. Inducing vomiting is contraindicated because of the irritating nature of this compound. Respiratory. This compound is a known pulmonary sensitizer. Treatment is essentially symptomatic. An individual having a skin or pulmonary sensitization reaction to this material should be removed from exposure to any isocyanate.

#### VII. EMPLOYEE PROTECTION RECOMMENDATIONS

EYE PROTECTION..... Liquid chemical goggles or full-face shield. Contact lenses should not be worn. If vapor exposure is causing irritation, use a full-face, air-supplied respirator. **SKIN PROTECTION.....:** Chemical resistant gloves (butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, polyvinyl alcohol). However, please note that PVA degrades in water. Cover as much of the exposed skin area as possible with appropriate clothing. If skin creams are used, keep the area covered only by the cream to a minimum. **RESPIRATORY PROTECTION....:** An approved positive pressure air-supplied respirator is required whenever TDI concentrations are not known or exceed the Short-Term Exposure or Ceiling Limit of 0.02 ppm or exceed the 8-hour Time Weighted Average TLV of 0.005 ppm. An approved air-supplied respirator with full facepiece must also be worn during spray application, even if exhaust ventilation is used. For emergency and other conditions where the exposure limits may be greatly exceeded, use an approved, positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. TDI has poor warning properties since the odor at which TDI can be smelled is substantially higher than 0.02 ppm. Observe OSHA regulations for respirator use (29 CFR 1910.134).

> Product Code: E-001 Page 4 of 8

#### VII. <u>EMPLOYEE PROTECTION RECOMMENDATIONS</u> - Continued

**VENTILATION.....:** Local exhaust should be used to maintain levels below the TLV whenever TDI is handled, processed, or spray-applied. At normal room temperatures (70°F) TDI levels quickly exceed the TLV unless properly ventilated. Standard reference sources regarding industrial ventilation (e.g., ACGIH Industrial Ventilation) should be consulted for guidance about adequate ventilation.

MONITORING.....: TDI exposure levels must be monitored by accepted monitoring techniques to ensure that the TLV is not exceeded. (Contact Mobay for guidance). See Volume 1 (Chapter 17) and Volume 3 (Chapter 3) in Patty's Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology for sampling strategy.

MEDICAL SURVEILLANCE.....: Medical supervision of all employees who handle or come in contact with TDI is recommended. These should include preemployment and periodic medical examinations with respiratory function tests (FEV, FVC as a minimum). Persons with asthmatic-type conditions, chronic bronchitis, other chronic respiratory diseases or recurrent skin eczema or sensitization should be excluded from working with TDI. Once a person is diagnosed as sensitized to TDI, no further exposure can be permitted.

**OTHER.....**: Safety showers and eyewash stations should be available. Educate and train employees in safe use of product. Follow all label instructions.

#### VIII. REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY.....: Stable under normal conditions.

POLYMERIZATION....: May occur if in contact with moisture or other materials which react with isocyanates. Self-reaction may occur at temperatures over 350°F (177°C) or at lower temperatures if sufficient time is involved. See Section IV.

INCOMPATIBILITY

(MATERIALS TO AVOID)....: Water, amines, strong bases, alcohols. Will cause some corrosion to copper alloys and aluminum. Reacts with water to form heat, CO<sub>2</sub> and insoluble ureas.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION

**PRODUCTS.....** By high heat and fire: carbon monoxide, oxides of nitrogen, traces of HCN, TDI vapors and mist.

### IX. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Evacuate and ventilate spill area; dike spill to prevent entry into water system; wear full protective equipment, including respiratory equipment during clean-up. (See Section VII).

Major Spill: Call Mobay at 412/923-1800. If transportation spill, call CHEMTREC 800/424-9300. If temporary control of isocyanate vapor is required, a blanket of protein foam (available at most fire departments) may be placed over the spill. Large quantities may be pumped into closed, but not sealed, container for disposal.

Product Code: E-001 Page 5 of 8

#### IX. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES - Contineud

Minor Spill: Absorb isocyanate with sawdust or other absorbent, shovel into

suitable unsealed containers, transport to well-ventilated area (outside) and treat with neutralizing solution: mixture of water (80%) with non-ionic surfactant Tergitol TMN-10 (20%), or; water (90%), concentrated ammonia (3-8%) and detergent (2%). Add about 10 parts or neutralizer per part of isocyanate, with mixing. Allow to stand uncovered for 48 hours to let CO, escape. Clean-up: Decontaminate floor with decontamination solution fetting stand for at least 15 minutes. CERCLA (SUPERFUND) REPORTABLE QUANTITY: 100 pounds for TDI WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD....: Follow all federal, state or local regulations. TDI must be disposed of in a permitted incinerator or landfill. Incineration is the preferred method for liquids. Solids are usually incinerated or Empty containers must be handled with care due to product landfilled. residue. Decontaminate containers prior to disposal. Empty decontaminated containers should be crushed to prevent reuse. DO NOT HEAT OR CUT EMPTY CONTAINER WITH ELECTRIC OR GAS TORCH. (See Sections IV and VIII). Vapors and gases may be highly toxic.

RCRA STATUS.....: TDI is listed as a hazardous waste (No. U-223) under Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations, Section 261.33 (f). The residue from decontaminating a TDI spill is also classified as a hazardous waste under

Section 261.3 (c)(2) or RCRA.

SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT (SARA), TITLE III:

Section 302 - Extremely Hazardous Substances:

2,4-Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI) CAS# 584-84-9 = 65%

2,6-Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI) CAS# 91-08-7 = 35%

Section 313 - Toxic Chemicals:

2,4-Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI) CAS# 584-84-9 = 65% ·

2.6-Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI) CAS# 91-08-7 = 35%

#### X. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS & STORAGE DATA

STORAGE TEMPERATURE

(MIN./MAX.)......  $70^{\circ}$ F ( $21^{\circ}$ C)/ $90^{\circ}$ F ( $32^{\circ}$ C)

AVERAGE SHELF LIFE..... 12 months

SPECIAL SENSITIVITY

(HEAT, LIGHT, MOISTURE).: If container is exposed to high heat, 375°F (177°C) it can be pressurized and possibly rupture. TDI reacts slowly with water to form polyureas and liberates CO<sub>2</sub> gas. This gas can cause sealed containers to expand and possibly rupture.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN

IN HANDLING AND STORING.: Store in tightly closed containers to prevent moisture contamination. Do not reseal if contamination is suspected. Prevent all contact. Do not breathe the vapors. Warning properties (irritation of the eyes, nose and throat or odor) are not adequate to prevent chronic overexposure from inhalation. This material can produce asthmatic sensitization upon either single inhalation exposure to a relatively high concentration or upon repeated inhalation exposures to lower concentrations. Exposure to vapors of heated TDI can be extremely dangerous. Employee education and training in safe handling of this product are required under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

Product Code: E-001
Page 6 of 8

#### XI. SHIPPING DATA

D.O.T. SHIPPING NAME.....: Toluene Diisocyanate TECHNICAL SHIPPING NAME...: Toluene Diisocyanate D.O.T. HAZARD CLASS...... Poison B UN/NA NO...... UN 2078 PRODUCT RQ..... 100 lbs. D.O.T. LABELS..... Poison D.O.T. PLACARDS..... Poison FRT. CLASS BULK...... Toluene Diisocyanate

FRT. CLASS PKG...... Chemicals, NOI (Toluene Diisocyanate) NMFC 60000 PRODUCT LABEL..... Mondur TD Product Label

#### XII. ANIMAL TOXICITY DATA

#### ACUTE TOXICITY

ORAL, LD50..... Range of 4130-6170 mg/kg (Rats and Mice) 11 ppm (Rabbit), 13 ppm (Guinea Pig).

EYE EFFECTS..... Severe eye irritant capable of inducing corneal

opacity.

SKIN EFFECTS..... Moderate skin irritant. Primary dermal irritation score: 4.12/8.0 (Draize). However, repeated or prolonged contact may culminate in severe skin irritation and/or corrosion. SENSITIZATION..... Skin sensitizer in guinea pigs. One study using guinea pigs reported that repeated skin contact with TDI caused respiratory sensitization. Although poorly defined in experimental animal models, TDI is known to be a pulmonary sensitizer in humans. In addition, there is some evidence that cross-sensitization between different types of diisocyanates may occur.

SUB-CHRONIC/CHRONIC TOXICITY: Sub-chronic and chronic animal studies show that the primary effects of inhaling vapors and/or aerosols of TDI are restricted to the pulmonary systems. Emphysema, pulmonary edema, pneumonitis and rhinitis are common pathologic effects. Extended exposures to as low as

0.1 ppm TDI have induces pulmonary inflammation.

OTHER

CARCINOGENICITY...... The NTP conducted carcinogenesis studies of a commercial grade TDI using rats and mice in which the test material was diluted in corn oil and administered by gavage. The investigators concluded that TDI was carcinogenic in male and female rats (fibrosarcomas, pancreatic adenomas, neoplastic liver nodules and mammary gland fibrosarcomas) and female mice (hemangiosarcomas and hepatocellular adenomas). However, chronic inhalation studies in which rats and mice were exposed to 0.05 and 0.15 ppm TDI (10-30 times recommended TLV, 8-hr level) induced no treatment-related tumorigenic effects. In these studies, both exposure levels produced extensive irritation to the nasal passages and upper respiratory system of the test animals indicating that suitable effective exposures were administered.

MUTAGENICITY..... TDI is positive in the Ames assay with activation. However, mammalian cell transformation assays using human lung cells and Syrian hamster kidney cells were negative, as were micronucleus

tests using rats and mice.

Product Code: E-001 Page 7 of 8

#### XII. ANIMAL TOXICITY DATA - Continued

LC<sub>50</sub> - 96 hr (static): 165 mg/liter (Fathead minnow) AQUATIC TOXICITY....:

LC<sub>50</sub> - 96 hr (static): Greater than 508 mg/liter (Grass shrimp)

LC<sub>50</sub> - 24 hr (static): Greater than 500 mg/liter (Daphnia magna)

### XIII. APPROVALS

Adding SARA Title III; Revising Section XII REASON FOR ISSUE....:

G. L. Copeland PREPARED BY....: APPROVED BY....: D. R. Hackathorn

Manager, Product Safety

Product Code: E-001 Page 8 of 8

## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA \_HEET

PRODUCT CODE: 92097

FAGE: 1

PRODUCT NAME: ~

TOLUENE DIISOCYANATE

EFFECTIVE DATE: 10/15/86 DATE PRINTED: 10/17/86 MSD: 000609

#### 1. INGREDIENTS:

TOLUENE DIISOCYANATE (TDI)

CAS# 026471-62-5 100%

21 7 22

SUBSTANCES LISTED IN THE INGREDIENTS SECTION ARE THOSE IDENTIFIED AS BEING PRESENT AT A CONCENTRATION OF 1% OR GREATER, OR 0.1% IF THE SUBSTANCE IS ON THE LIST OF POTENTIAL CARCINOGENS CITED IN OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD. WHERE PROPRIETARY INGREDIENT SHOWS, THE IDENTITY OF THIS SUBSTANCE MAY BE MADE AVAILABLE AS PROVIDED IN 29 CFR 1910.1200(I).

#### PHYSICAL DATA:

BOILING POINT: 250C (482F) VAP PRESS: 0.01 MMHG @ 200

VAP DENSITY: 6.0

SOL. IN WATER: INSOLUBLE

SP. GRAVITY: 1.22 @ 25/15.50

DEST COTE MEMBERSHE APPEARANCE: WATER WHITE TO PALE YELLOW LIQUID.

ODOR: SHARP PUNGENT ODOR.

#### FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA: 3.

FLASH POINT: 127C (260F)

METHOD USED: PMCC, ASTM D-93

FLAMMABLE LIMITS

LFL: NOT DETERMINED UFL: NOT DETERMINED

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: CARBON DIOXIDE, DRY CHEMICAL, FOAM, HALON 1211. IF WATER IS USED, IT SHOULD BE IN VERY LARGE QUANTITY. THE REACTION BETWEEN WATER AND HOT ISOCYANATE MAY BE VIGOROUS.

FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS: DOWN-WIND PERSONNEL MUST BE EVACUATED. DO NOT RESEAL CONTAMINATED CONTAINERS SINCE PRESSURE BUILD-UP MAY CAUSE RUPTURE. FIRE POINT: 146C (295F).

FIRE-FIGHTING EQUIPMENT: PEOPLE WHO ARE FIGHTING ISOCYANATE FIRES MUST BE PROTECTED AGAINST NITROGEN OXIDE FUMES AND ISOCYANATE VAPORS BY WEARING POSITIVE PRESSURE SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS AND FULL PROTECTIVE CLOTHING.

#### REACTIVITY DATA: 4.

STABILITY: (CONDITIONS TO AVOID) STABLE WHEN STORED UNDER RECOMMENDED STORAGE CONDITIONS. STORE IN A DRY PLACE AT

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 2)

(R) INDICATES A TRADEMARK 1/ TOR DOUGLEARCH CAR

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TOLUENE DIISOCYANATE

EFFECTIVE DATE: 10/15/86 DATE PRINTED: 10/17/86 MSD: 000609

4. REACTIVITY DATA: (CONTINUED)

TEMPERATURES BETWEEN 18-41C (65-105F).

INCOMPATIBILITY: (SPECIFIC MATERIALS TO AVOID) WATER, ACID, BASE, ALCOHOLS, METAL COMPOUNDS, SURFACE ACTIVE MATERIALS. AVOID WATER AS IT REACTS TO FORM HEAT, CO2 AND INSOLUBLE UREA. THE COMBINED EFFECT OF THE CO2 AND HEAT CAN PRODUCE ENOUGH PRESSURE TO RUPTURE A CLOSED CONTAINER.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: ISOCYANATE VAPOR AND MIST. CARBON DIOXIDE, CARBON MONOXIDE, NITROGEN OXIDES AND TRACES OF HYDROGEN CYANIDE.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: MAY OCCUR WITH INCOMPATIBLE REACTANTS, ESPECIALLY STRONG BASES, WATER OR TEMPERATURES OVER 41C (105F).

#### 5. ENVIRONMENTAL AND DISPOSAL INFORMATION:

ACTION TO TAKE FOR SPILLS/LEAKS: EVACUATE AND VENTILATE SPILL AREA, DIKE SPILL TO PREVENT ENTRY INTO WATER SYSTEM, WEAR FULL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT INCLUDING RESPIRATORY EQUIPMENT DURING CLEAN UP. MAJOR SPILL: CALL DOW CHEMICAL U.S.A. (409) 238-2112. IF TRANSPORTATION SPILL INVOLVED CALL CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300. IF TEMPORARY CONTROL OF ISOCYANATE VAPOR IS REQUIRED A BLANKET OF PROTEIN FOAM (AVAILABLE AT MOST FIRE DEPARTMENTS) MAY BE PLACED OVER THE SPILL. LARGE QUANTITIES MAY BE FUMFED INTO CLOSED BUT NOT SEALED CONTAINERS FOR DISPOSAL. MINOR SPILL: ABSORB THE ISOCYANATE WITH SAUDUST OR OTHER ABSORBENT, SHOVEL INTO SUITABLE UNSEALED CONTAINERS, TRANSPORT TO WELL-VENTILATED AREA (OUTSIDE) AND TREAT WITH NEUTRALIZING SOLUTION CONSISTING OF A MIXTURE OF WATER AND 3-8% CONCENTRATED AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE (OR 5-10% SODIUM CARBONATE). ADD ABOUT 10 PARTS OF NEUTRALIZER PER PART OF ISOCYANATE WITH MIXING. ALLOW TO STAND FOR 48 HOURS LETTING EVOLVED CO2 ESCAPE.

CLEAN-UP: DECONTAMINATE FLOOR USING WATER/AMMONIA SOLUTION WITH 1-2% ADDED DETERGENT LETTING STAND OVER AFFECTED AREA FOR AT LEAST 10 MINUTES. COVER MOPS AND BROOMS USED FOR THIS WITH PLASTIC AND DISPOSE PROPERLY (OFTEN BY INCINERATION).

DISPOSAL METHOD: FOLLOW ALL FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. LIQUIDS ARE USUALLY INCINERATED IN A PROPER FACILITY. SOLIDS ARE USUALLY ALSO INCINERATED OR LANDFILLED. EMPTY DRUMS SHOULD BE FILLED WITH WATER; LET STAND FOR AT LEAST 48 HOURS: DRUMS SHOULD BE DRAINED, TRIPLE RINSED, AND HOLED OR CRUSHED TO

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 3)

(R) INDICATES A TRADE 'ARK OF THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY ....

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5. ENVIRONMENTAL AND DISPOSAL INFORMATION: (CONTINUED)

PREVENT REUSE. DISPOSE OF DRAIN AND RINSE FLUID ACCORDING TO LOCAL REGULATIONS.

#### HEALTH HAZARD DATA:

EYE: MAY CAUSE PAIN, SEVERE EYE IRRITATION AND MODERATE CORNEAL INJURY. VAPORS MAY IRRITATE EYES.

SKIN CONTACT: IS LIKELY TO CAUSE AN ALLERGIC-SKIN-REACTION. PROLONGED OR REPEATED EXPOSURE MAY CAUSE SEVERE IRRITATION, EVEN A BURN.

SKIN ABSORPTION: A SINGLE PROLONGED EXPOSURE IS NOT LIKELY TO RESULT IN THE MATERIAL BEING ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN IN HARMFUL AMOUNTS. THE LD50 FOR SKIN ABSORPTION IN RABBITS IS >9400 MG/KG.

INGESTION: SINGLE DOSE ORAL TOXICITY IS LOW. THE ORAL LD50 FOR RATS IS 5800 MG/KG. INGESTION MAY CAUSE GASTROINTESTINAL IRRITATION OR ULCERATION.

INHALATION: EXCESSIVE VAPOR CONCENTRATIONS ARE ATTAINABLE AND COULD BE HAZARDOUS ON SINGLE EXPOSURE. SINGLE AND REPEATED EXCESSIVE EXPOSURE MAY CAUSE SEVERE IRRITATION TO UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT AND LUNGS (CHOKING SENSATION, CHEST TIGHTNESS), RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION, DECREASED VENTILATORY CAPACITY, LIVER EFFECTS, CHOLINESTERASE DEPRESSION, GASTRO-INTESTINAL DISTRESS AND/OR NEUROLOGIC DISORDERS. THE 4-HOUR LC50 FOR TDI FOR RATS IS 13.9 PPM.

SYSTEMIC & OTHER EFFECTS: BASED ON AVAILABLE DATA, REPEATED EXPOSURES ARE NOT ANTICIPATED TO CAUSE ANY ADDITIONAL SIGNIFI-CANT ADVERSE EFFECTS. FOR HAZARD COMMUNICATION PURPOSES UNDER OSHA STANDARD 29 CFR PART 1910.1200, THIS CHEMICAL IS LISTED AS A POTENTIAL CARCINOGEN BY NAT'L. TOX. PROGRAM. AN ORAL STUDY IN WHICH HIGH DOSES OF TDI WERE REPORTED TO CAUSE CANCER IN ANIMALS HAS BEEN FOUND TO CONTAIN NUMEROUS DEFICIENCIES WHICH COMPROMISE THE VALIDITY OF THE STUDY. TDI DID NOT CAUSE CANCER IN LABORATORY ANIMALS EXPOSED BY INHALATION, THE MOST LIKELY ROUTE OF EXPOSURE. RESULTS OF IN VITRO ("TEST TUBE") MUTA-GENICITY TESTS HAVE BEEN INCONCLUSIVE.

#### 7. FIRST AID:

EYES: IRRIGATE WITH FLOWING WATER IMMEDIATELY AND CONTINUOUSLY

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 4)

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7. FIRST AID: (CONTINUED)

FOR 15 MINUTES. CONSULT MEDICAL PERSONNEL.

SKIN: IN CASE OF CONTACT, IMMEDIATELY FLUSH SKIN WITH PLENTY OF WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES WHILE REMOVING CONTAMINATED CLOTHING AND SHOES. CALL A PHYSICIAN IF IRRITATION PERSISTS. WASH CLOTHING BEFORE REUSE. DESTROY CONTAMINATED SHOES.

INGESTION: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL A PHYSICIAN AND/OR TRANSPORT TO EMERGENCY FACILITY IMMEDIATELY.

INHALATION: REMOVE TO FRESH AIR. IF NOT BREATHING, GIVE MOUTH-TO-MOUTH RESUSCITATION. IF BREATHING IS DIFFICULT, GIVE OXYGEN. CALL A PHYSICIAN.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: CORROSIVE. MAY CAUSE STRICTURE. IF LAVAGE IS PERFORMED, SUGGEST ENDOTRACHEAL AND/OR ESOPHAGOSCOPIC CONTROL. IF BURN IS PRESENT, TREAT AS ANY THERMAL BURN, AFTER DECONTAMINATION. NO SPECIFIC ANTIDOTE. SUPPORTIVE CARE. TREATMENT BASED ON JUDGMENT OF THE PHYSICIAN IN RESPONSE TO REACTIONS OF THE PATIENT. THE MANIFESTATIONS OF THE RESPIRATORY SYMPTOMS, INCLUDING PULMONARY EDEMA, RESULTING FROM ACUTE EXPOSURE MAY BE DELAYED. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION. CHOLINESTERASE INHIBITION HAS NOT BEEN NOTED IN HUMAN EXPOSURE AND IS NOT OF BENEFIT IN DETERMINING EXPOSURE.

#### 8. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS:

EXPOSURE GUIDELINE(S): OSHA PEL IS 0.02 PPM AS A CEILING LIMIT FOR TOLUENE 2,4-DIISOCYANATE. ACGIH TLV IS 0.005 PPM; 0.02 PPM STEL FOR TOLUENE 2,4-DIISOCYANATE. DOW INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE GUIDE IS 0.02 PPM AS A CEILING LIMIT FOR TOLUENE DIISOCYANATE.

VENTILATION: PROVIDE GENERAL AND/OR LOCAL EXHAUST VENTILATION TO CONTROL AIRBORNE LEVELS BELOW THE EXPOSURE GUIDELINES.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: ATMOSPHERIC-LEVELS SHOULD BE MAINTAINED BELOW THE EXPOSURE GUIDELINE. WHEN RESPIRATORY PROTECTION IS REQUIRED FOR CERTAIN OPERATIONS, USE AN APPROVED SUPPLIED-AIR RESPIRATOR. FOR EMERGENCY AND OTHER CONDITIONS WHERE THE EXPOSURE GUIDELINE MAY BE GREATLY EXCEEDED, USE AN APPROVED POSITIVE-PRESSURE SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS.

SKIN PROTECTION: USE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING IMPERVIOUS TO THIS MATERIAL. SELECTION OF SPECIFIC ITEMS SUCH AS GLOVES, BOOTS, APRON, OR FULL-BODY SUIT WILL DEPEND ON OPERATION. REMOVE

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 5)
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8. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS: (CONTINUED)

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CONTAMINATED CLOTHING IMMEDIATELY, WASH SKIN AREA WITH SOAP AND WATER, AND LAUNDER CLOTHING BEFORE REUSE. SAFETY SHOWER SHOULD BE LOCATED IN IMMEDIATE WORK AREA.

EYE PROTECTION: USE CHEMICAL GOGGLES. IF VAPOR EXPOSURE CAUSES EYE IRRITATION, USE A FULL-FACE, SUPPLIED-AIR RESPIRATOR. EYE WASH FOUNTAIN SHOULD BE LOCATED IN IMMEDIATE WORK AREA.

#### 9. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE: WARNING PROPERTIES OF THIS MATERIAL (IRRITATION OF EYES, NOSE AND THROAT) NOT ADEQUATE TO PREVENT CHRONIC OVEREXPOSURE FROM INHALATION. THIS MATERIAL CAN PRODUCE ASTHMATIC SENSITIZATION UPON EITHER SINGLE INHALATION EXPOSURE TO A RELATIVELY HIGH CONCENTRATION OR UPON REPEATED INHALATION EXPOSURE TO LOWER CONCENTRATIONS. EXPOSURES TO VAPORS OF HEATED TDI CAN BE EXTREMELY DANGEROUS. (HAVE TDI NEUTRALIZER AVAILABLE FOR SPILLS.)

MSDS STATUS: REVISED 6.

THE INFORMATION HEREIN IS GIVEN IN GOOD FAITH, BUT NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IS MADE. CONSULT THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY FOR FURTHER INFORMATION.



## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA Redd. McWhorTer

**OCEAN® Network EMERGENCY PHONE 1-800-OLIN-911** 

MSDS FILE 563

MMZ4

SECTION I - IDENTIFICATION

CHEMICAL NAME & SYNONYMS Toluene Diisocyanate 80-20 PRODUCT FORMULA CHEMICAL FAMILY TDI 80-20 Isocyanate CaHEN2O2 DESCRIPTION Clear colorless to pale yellow liquid with sharp CAS NO. 26471-62-5 pungent odor

#### SECTION II - NORMAL HANDLING PROCEDURES

### PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Upon contact with skin or eyes, wash off with water. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Protect against physical damage. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place, away from areas where a fire hazard may be acute. Outside or detached storage is preferred. Blanket storage tanks with inert gas (nitrogen) or dry air. Separate from oxidizing materials.

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT	VENTILATION REQUIREMENTS
EYES Goggles	As required to keep airborne concentrations below TLV
GLOVES Rubber, NBR or PVA	De 104 121
OTHER Coveralls, impervious footwear	11

#### SECTION III - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

BASIC MATERIAL	OSHA PEL	LD50	LC50	SIGNIFICANT EFFECTS
*Toluene-2,4-diisocyanate (80%)	0.02 ppm ceiling	5.8 g/kg (rat)	10 ppm/4 hrs	Skin, eye, mucous membrane irritation.
CAS No.: 584-84-9			(mouse)	Pulmonary irritant. Allergic sensitization to skin and respiratory tract. May cause
	٠.			asthma attacks.
*Toluene-2,6-diisocyanate(20%),CAS No.:91-08-7	None established	No data	11 ppm/4 hrs-mouse	Irritation

#### SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT 270°F COC	OSHA CLASSIFICATION Not Regulated	EXPLOSIVE		UPPER
METHOD	(Ignitable)	LIMIT	0.9%	9.5%
containers cool.	arbon dioxide or dry chemical. Use wate			
SPECIAL FIRE HAZARD & FIRE F	IGHTING PROCEDURES Use NIOSH/MSHA appro aratus when any material is involved in	ved positive a fire.	pressure	•
seir-contained breathing app	aratus when any material is involved in	<b>a</b>	`	

#### SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

SYMP'	5 ppm TWA, 0.02 ppm STEL - 2.4 TDI (ACGIH 19 TOMS OF OVER EXPOSURE May cause irritation itization to skin and respiratory tract. May	to eyes, throat, lungs, stomach, skin. Allergic
	EMERGENCY FIRS	T-AID PROCEDURES
KIN	Immediately flush thoroughly with water for	15 minutes, call a physician.
	Immediately flush thoroughly with water for	
	STION Immediately drink large quantities of	

10

100 100 150

## D: 2

#### SECTION VI - TOXICOLOGY (PRODUCT)

ACUTE ORAL LD 50 5.8 g/kg (rats). Harmful if swallowed.

. . .

898864

ACUTE DERMAL LD 50 > 2 g/kg (rabbits)

ACUTE INHALATION LC 50 10 ppm/4 hrs (mouse) CARCINGENICITY Oral Exposure-Positive NTP Bioassay MUTAGENICITY Not known to be mutagenic EYE IRRITATION Irritation and/or burns DETMARY EVEN TREATMENT

PRIMARY SKIN IRRITATION
Irritation and/or burns

PRINCIPAL ROUTES OF ABSORPTION

Inhalation, dermal contact

EFFECTS OF ACUTE EXPOSURE May cause irritation to lungs, eyes, throat, stomach, skin. Allergic sensitization of skin and respiratory tract. Corneal injury may occur.

EFFECTS OF CHRONIC EXPOSURE Damage/allergic sensitization to lungs. Inhalation studies indicate not carcinogenic. Carcinogenic risk from industrial use is not significant.

#### SECTION VII - SPILL AND LEAKAGE PROCEDURES (CONTROL PROCEDURES)

#### ACTION FOR MATERIAL RELEASE OR SPILL

Wear NIOSH/MSHA approved positive pressure supplied air respirator. Follow OSHA regulations for respirator use (see 29 CFR 1910.134). Wear goggles, coveralls and impervious gloves and boots. Add dry non-combustible absorbent, sweep up material and place in an approved DOT container. Add an equal amount of neutralizing solution to the container (90-95% water, 5-10% ammonia). Clean remaining surfaces with neutralizing solution and add this to container. Isolate container in a well-ventilated place and do not seal for 24 hrs. Ammonia vapors may be generated until solution is neutralized. Wash all contaminated clothing before reuse. In the event of a large spill use the telephone number shown on the front of this sheet.

### TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY, CONTACT CHEMTREC 800-424-9300

THE MIXTURE OR TRADE NAME PRODUCT HEREIN CONTAINS A TOXIC CHEMICAL(S) SUBJECT TO THE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 313 OF TITLE III OF THE SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 1986 AND 40 CFR PART 372. THE SARA 313 CHEMICALS ARE LISTED IN SECTION III AND ARE INDICATED BY AN ASTERISK (\*).

#### SECTION VIII - SHIPPING DATA

D.O.T. Toluene diisocyanate Poison B UN 2078

#### SECTION IX - REACTIVITY DATA

STABLE X UNSTABLE AT \_\_C \_\_ F \_\_\_ HAZARDOUS \_\_\_\_ WAY OCCUR X

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Water or incompatible materials in a closed system, excess heat
INCOMPATIBILITY(MATERIAL TO AVOID)

Acids, bases and alcohols, surface active materials
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

Carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, hydrogen cyanide

#### SECTION X - PHYSICAL DATA

MELTING POINT 53-56 F	VAPOR PRESSURE . O 1 mmHq . 20°C	VOLATILES No data
BOILING POINT 484 F	SOLUBILITY IN WATER Insoluble	EVAPORATION RATE No data
SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H20=1) 1.22	PH No data	VAPOR DENSITY(AIR=1)6.0

INFORMATION: FURNISHED TO

10012220 FURNISHED BY DA

DATE APRIL 13, 1989

ATTN: DEPT HANDLING MATL SAFETY DATA SHEETS MCWHORTER INC

200 SAYRE STREET

ROCKFORD IL 61101

Department of Environmental Hygiene and Toxicology (203) 789-5438

# Olin CORPORATION

120 Long Ridge Road, Stamford, Connecticut 06904

OCEAN® Network

EMERGENCY PHONE 1-800-OLIN-911